Bedford Gazette.

BY GEO. W. BOWMAN. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. TERMS, $2 PER YEAR.

NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA. FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1855. VOL. XXIII, NO. 34.

In the matter of the intended application of ESPY L. ANDERSON, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house now occupied by him as such, at the Bedford Springs, in the Township of Bedford, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Bedford township, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Espy L. Anderson the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the License is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is neces-sary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Daniel Washabaugh, Jno. Watson, George W. Smith, Wm. Dibert, David Patterson, Geo. Smith, Matthew Pierson, Frederick Naugle, Johnson Hafer, Michael Weisel, Thos. Knox, Jacob Semler.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of JOHN BRICE to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house he now occupies in the Borough of Bedford, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Bedford do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with John Brice the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Job Mann, Hugh Moore, O. E. Shannon, Wm. Schafer, S. Davis, A. King, John Arnold, G. W. Rupp, John J. Luther, John Boor, B. F. Harry, G. W. Bowman.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of VALENTINE STECKMAN, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a tavern in the house now occupied by him as such, in the Borough of Bedford, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Bedford Borough, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Valentine Steckman the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public, and entertain strangers and travellers.

Isaac Mengle, Samuel Davis, B. F. Harry, Samuel Barnhart, John Alsip, Wm. Keefle, S. H. Tate, Job Mann, David F. Mann, John Hafer, P. Radebaugh, Geo. W. Bowman.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of JOHN HAFER, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house now occupied by Adam Barnhart as such, in the Borough of Bedford, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Bedford Borough, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with J. Hafer, the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

A. King, S. H. Tate, Job Mann, Wm. M. Hall, John Alsip, William Ritchey, Jno. P. Reed, Jno. G. Minich, J. Coupher, P. Radabaugh, Geo. W. Bowman.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of DOMINIC COOK, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at the April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house now occupied by Maj. Samuel Davis in the Borough of Bedford, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Bedford Borough, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Dominic Cook, the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify that we know the hou-e for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Valentine Steckman, Samuel Barnhart, Samuel Davis, P. Radabaugh, A. B. Cramer, Andris Saupp, E. L. Anderson, S. H. Tate, Job Mann, Lawrence Jamison, Geo. W. Bowman, B. F. Leader.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of JACOB SCHNEBLEY, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house formerly occupied by P. Morningstar as such, in the Town of Woodbury, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Middle Woodbury township, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Jacob Schnebley the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Philip Schriner, P. Morningstar, A. Criswell, Daniel B. Bulger, Charles S. Oellig, Jacob Breneman, D. L. Martin, Frederick Hoover, Jeremiah Mentzer, Geo. D. Kauffman, David Diltz, Robert Brant.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of JOHN TODD, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house he now occupies as such, in the township of Bedford, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Bedford township, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with John Todd the above Petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the License is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Jno. Thos. Gephart, David Zimmers, William Phillips, Joseph Sellers, I. E. Reighart, Jacob Croil, Philip Lenard, Frederick Schnably, John C. Ling, John Weisell, David Gardner, Frederick Sill.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of REUBEN SMITH, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County at April T., 1855, for a License to keep a tavern in the house now occupied by Benjamin Kegg, in the town of Rainsburg, being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Colerain Township, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Reuben Smith, the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

William Cessna, Elias Gump, A. C. James, John Filler, A. K. Bowles, William Rose, Joseph Beck, Solomon Beegle, George James, J. M. Van Horn, George Bortz, P. M. Cessna, R. S. Miller.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of JAMES FRAZIER to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house now occupied by A. J. Snively, in the Town of Schellsburg.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Schellsburg, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with James Frazier, the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

A. J. Snively, J. S. Schell, John Kemry, L. M. Statler, Duncan McVicker, J. M. Robeson, J. M. Shinefield, Isaiah Corley, Jacob Koons, Peter Ewalt, George M. Colvin, James Gallipher.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of BERNARD O'NEAL to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house now occupied by him as such, in the town of Chaneysville, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Chaneysville do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Bernard O'Neal the above petitioner; that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Michael Sills, Hezekiah Barkman, Thos. Leasure, Archibald Casteel, John Blankley, Anthony Bennett, Jacob Keefe, Asa Howsare, John D. Perdew, Adam Greters, David Roland, Hugh Wilson.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of HENRY FLUCK, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford county, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a tavern in the house he now now occupies in the town of Woodberry, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Middle Woodbury Township, do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Henry Fluck the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify that we know the house for which the License is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

S. Brumbaugh, Robert Barnet, David Stonerook, James Miller, Jacob C. Brumbaugh, Simon Beard, D. P. Breneman, Henry Ridencup, Jacob K. Smith, Lewis Pence, Alexander Croft, Henry Brumbaugh, George Penner.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of DAVID A. T. BLACK to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house he now occupies in the township of East Providence, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of East Providence township do certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with David A. T. Black the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accomodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Noah Frazy, Jacob Diehl, John H. Barton, Thomas H. Grove, James K. Spence, Adam Hinish, William Barton, George Magraw, Elias K. Wasser, Wm. H. Morgart, Wm. W. Ramsey, John M'Ilvane.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of GEORGE GALBACH to the Court of Quarter Session of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a license to keep a Tavern in the house he now occupies in the township of Hopewell, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Hopewell township do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with George Galbach the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Thomas Cook, John Geller, Joseph Fisher, Abraham Lehman, Hugh B. Wertz, Peter Wertz, Sr., Peter Wertz, Jr., James Wertz, David Watters, Isaac Clark, W. W. Wertz, Andrew Hixon.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of DANIEL L. DEFIBAUGH to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a license to keep a Tavern in the house he now occupies in the township of West Providence, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of the township of West Provadence do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Daniel L. Defibaugh the above petitioner—and that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a tavern, and further that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Nicholas Koons, William Lysinger, George Smouse, Michael S. Ritchey, John Smouse, Michael Lutz, Andrew Mortimore, George Mardorff, George Sheare, Andrew Mowery, Andrew Colage, J. G. Hartley.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of THOS. C. REIGHART to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a license to keep a Tavern in the house he now occupies in the township of Union, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Union township do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Thomas C. Reighart the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

John Gochnour, David Gochnour, John Wint, Isaac Shimer, Jacob Preseble, John Moorhead, Fred'k. Shimer, Adam Hansy, J. D. Eckhard, Samuel H. Shafer, Moses McIlwaine, John Gochnour, Jr.

March 30, 1855

In the matter of the intended application of DAVID O'NEAL to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a license to keep a Tavern in the house occupied by Philip Evans in the township of Monroe, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Monroe township do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with David O'Neal the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

George Von Stine, Nathan Winter, William Stuckey, Sr., J. L. Grove, Morgan Cooper, C. Evans, Joseph Barkman, Abraham Stuckey, Wm. Gilliam, Mathew Murray, Job O'Neal, Jonathan Horton.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of ELIZABETH HANEY, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a license to keep a Tavern in the house she now occupies in the Township of Cumberland Valley, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Cumberland Valley Township do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Elizabeth Haney the above petitioner—that she is, and we know her to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

J. C. Vickroy, P. S. Thompson, Jacob Anderson, John May, Jacob Brunner, David Britt, Jonathan Hendrickson, Henry Miller, Jesse Deihl, Lewis A. May, Emanuel Beegle, George Wertting,

March 30, 1855.

A MIRACLE OF SCIENCE!

Dr. C. L. Kelling, of Mechanicsburgh, Cumberland Co. Pa. announces to those afflicted with Tumors, Wens, Cancers, Polypus, Lupus, Moles or Marks, Scrofula or King's Evil; and all diseases that have been usually treated with Caustic or Knife, he can remove them without cutting, burning or pain; neither Chloroform or Ether is administered to the patient. It is no matter on what part of the body they are he can remove them with perfect safety, and in a remarkably short time. No Mineral or Vegetable poison, is applied; and no money required until a cure is perfected.

Prolapsis Uteri, Female complaints, Chronic Venereal and all other diseases treated with positive success. Full particulars can be obtained by addressing in either English or German post paid. Patients can be accommodated with Board on reasonable terms.

Mechanicsburg is one of the prettiest and healthly towns in this or any other State. It is 8 miles from Harrisburg on the C. V. R. R. and accessible from all parts of the Union.

The Dr. will visit cases in any part of the State when desired.

Kind reader if you know of any afflicted fellow-creature, delay not, to tell them of this treatment.

March 2, 1855.—6m.*

LEATHER.

FRITZ, HENDRY & CO.

No. 29, North THIRD street, Philadelphia.

Morocco Manufacturers, Couriers and Importers of FRENCH Calf-Skins, and dealers in Red and Oak Sole Leather and Kipp.

March 9, 1855—1y.

In the matter of the intended application of JONATHAN FEIGHTNER to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house he now occupies in the township of Harrison, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizen of, and residing within the bounds of Harrison township do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Jonathan Feightner the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well pro-

In the matter of the intended application of MICHAEL McCABE to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a tavern in the house he now occupies in the township of Liberty, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizens of, and residing within the bounds of Liberty township do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Michael McCabe the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house-room for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. And we do further certify, that we know the house for which the license is prayed, and from its neighborhood and situation believe it to be suitable for a Tavern, and further, that such Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travellers.

Jacob Snider, A. Entrekin, J. Crisman, J. Cypher, Jacob Cypher, Peter Ellison, George Roads, David Cypher, David Hish, Daniel Cypher, D. S. Barkstresser, Daniel B. Long.

March 30, 1855.

In the matter of the intended application of JONATHAN FEIGHTNER to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford County, at April Term, 1855, for a License to keep a Tavern in the house he now occupies in the township of Harrison, it being an old stand.

We, the subscribers, citizen of, and residing within the bounds of Harrison township do hereby certify, that we are personally and well acquainted with Jonathan Feightner the above petitioner—that he is, and we know him to be, of good repute, for honesty and temperance, and is well pro-

Select Poetry.

From the Louisville Journal.

My Childhood's Home.

Suggested by the Reception of a Bouquet during a severe Illness.

Oh! let them touch my burning brow,
The petals of those dewy flowers,
And let my spirit wander now,
Back through a mist of by-gone hours,
To a sunny spot in a far off clime,
Where I used to rove in my childhood's time.

My childhood's home! how like a spell,
Thy dear and sacred memory lies
Within my heart—as in a well,
The trembling light of starry skies
Gleams through its crystal depths at even,
Until they seem a second heaven.

And a sweet breath of Southern air
Seems stealing gently by me now,
The same that stirred my sunny hair,
And blew the bonnet from my brow,
Long, long ago, when I had gone
To gather flowers at early dawn.

Again, with many a joyous bound,
My tiny footsteps swiftly pass,
Where golden butter-cups were found,
Half hidden 'mid the rustling grass,
And violets from the soft green sod,
Seemed meekly looking up to God.

There often have I paused to hear
The bee his drowsy main sing,
Too gay and guileless *then* to fear,
That *honey* bees perchance might sting;
My heart was all too fresh and warm,
To think of ill or shrink from harm.

And now along the good old hall
Is scattered half my fragrant store,
For I have heard my mother's call,
And, dancing through the open door,
Her morning kiss I fondly meet
And fling my treasure at her feet.

Then, with a light and stealthy tread
I steal behind my father's chair,
To fling a garland o'er his head,
And twine it 'mid the silvery hair,
Till every rose, with dewy glow,
Seems blushing 'neath a drift of snow.

And now once more I seem to stand
Where long dark shadows round me sweep,
My gipsy bonnet in my hand,
For the full sunlight dared not creep,
With all its glittering pomp, between
Those twining boughs of evergreen.

I love the gay, glad things of earth,
The sunshine, birds, and streams and flowers;
Yet would I hush my childish mirth,
And, through those dim, sequestered bowers,
In solitude, delight to steal—
'Twas there I learned to think and *feel*.

And oft I've spread a banquet fair,
Of acorn cups and rose leaves bright,
That fairies might assemble there,
To revel in the fair moonlight;
I love to dream of mysteries,
Beneath those dark ancestral trees.

That homestead is in ruins laid!
Its fairest blossoms now are dead!
Yet still their deep and solemn shade,
Upon the waving grass is shed;
Thus often sunshine will depart,
But shadows linger on the heart.

And now, when fever wildly burns,
Within this sad and aching breast
My spirit through the past returns,
Beneath that peaceful grove of rest;
There love a ceaseless vilgil keeps,
And pensive memory sometimes weeps.

The rustling of a wild bird's wings,
A star, a flower, a gush of rain,
The sight of sad or joyous things,
Oft make me seem a child again;
With voiceless eloquence they come,
Bright phantoms of my childhood's home. ROSA.

A Faithful Girl.

A case of woman's devotion has recently been brought to our knowledge, which certainly equals anything that we have ever met with in the realms of romance. The circumstances occured in this city, and are perfectly well authenticated. While the small pox was raging here a few weeks ago, a young man employed in a store on Luke street was seized with the disease.

It was, of course, improper for him to remain there; and the people with whom he lived, who were distant relatives of his, refused to permit him to stay in their house. The result was, that he was taken to the pest house.

It so happened that he was engaged to be married to a most estimable and amiable young lady. —No sooner did she hear of his condition than she determined at once that she would nurse him. —She underwent vaccination, and then went where they had taken her betrothed, to the pest-house. Here she found him, alone, sick, wretched, deserted by all the world. And here she remained like a ministering angel, waiting beside his bed of pain, soothing his distresses and attending to his wants. He died. But how consoling must have been his last moments.

Though all the world had forsaken him, she, whom he loved better than all the world, remained faithful to the last. Her hand it was that smoothed his pillow; her eyes still beamed upon him with mournful but unabated affections; into her ear he poured his last words of love, of sorrow, and hopes that in this world might never be fulfilled.

It recalled to our mind, when we heard it, the words that Bulwer puts in the mouth of one of his character:—"To be watched and tended by the one we love, who would not walk blind and barefooted over the world?"—*Chicago Tribune, March 6th.*

Two Horrible Circumstances.—*One Man Killed by his Own Hands, and Another by a Dog.* —The following horrible story may be difficult to believe, from its similarity to one which has been going the rounds of the newspaper press for the past years, but it is nevertheless true. We obtained the circumstances from a friend residing in Allegheny, a female relative of whom arrived from the neighborhood on Saturday. On Monday week, quite early in the evening, the house of a widow lady named Mrs. Fowler, situated six miles this side of Freeport, on the Allegheny river, in Westmoreland county, was entered by a man whose face was blackened, and whose evident intention was to rob her. She was a middle aged lady, of good circumstances, owned a valuable farm, and had a considerable amount of money in the house. Scarcely had the man got fairly into the dwelling, when he was seized by the throat, by a large dog, which killed him before he let go his hold. The robber was discovered shortly afterwards, and on his face being washed, it was discovered that he was Mrs. Fowler's own son-in-law!

On the same day, a gentleman named Jacob Byerly, living in this county, about four miles from Freeport, shot himself, under the following circumstances: His son had for some time been talking of going west, and on the day mentioned, came to the conclusion to start. Mr. Byerly was very much opposed to the idea, and did all in his power to prevent his offspring from going. The old gentleman stood in the doorway of his residence when the son departed, and gazed after him until he had vanished from his sight, when scalding tears commenced coursing down his cheeks, and he seemed perfectly overpowered with emotion. Mrs. Byerly, who was standing beside her husband, told him that there was no use mourning over it, as it could not be remedied, and that he had better come into the house and partake of some food. He went in, but instead of doing as requested, he took down a rifle which was hanging against the wall, and going outside of the house, blowed his brains out.—The son had got but a mile and a-half from home when the tragical occurrence took place, and on being informed of the fact, he retraced his steps, and found his parent weltering in his blood. Mr. Byerly was about forty-five years of age, was possessed of a large fortune, and had a numerous family.—*Pittsburg Union.*

A Little Incident.—It was about half-past nine o'clock in the morning, the dense fog, through which we had been running for the last four or five hours had rendered the track so slippery that we had lost considerable time in climbing up grades; but we were now running down a moderate grade, and as the fog was gradually clearing away, we ventured to increase our speed, and our engineer ever attentive to his business, was constantly watching the track ahead, which was occasionally enveloped in clouds of watery vapor. As we were thus running along, I observed the engineer raise his hand to the cord attached to the whistle. He held it for a moment, and then gave the signal to "brake." Turning my eyes in the direction we were moving, I was barely able to discern some small object upon the track a considerable distance ahead, but could not make out what it was. A moment more the engineer repeated the signal to "brake," in that peculiar manner which is instantly recognized by an experienced brakeman, as indication of imminent danger. The engine was reversed as if by magic, and as the steam was applied the driving wheels whirled round in an opposite direction to that in which the train was moving. I now discovered that the object before us was a little child, apparently unaware of its danger. The almost constant screaming of the whistle, with which the engineer sought to frighten the little one from the track, seemed only to amuse it.

The wheels of our engine grated and hissed upon the iron track, unable to stop the train, which, owing to the slippery condition of the rails it was certain would send far beyond where the child was standing, before we could stop. Thus we rushed on with almost certainty that the next minute that innocent, unsuspecting child, too young to know its danger, would be a mangled corpse. Turning my eyes to see if there was no one near to save it, I saw a lady who seemed to be almost flying towards the child, but one glance showed me that the engine must reach it before her. The engineer had left his post, and was running rapidly along the frame work, to the front of the engine. In an instant he was crouching upon the "cow-catcher," with one foot upon its lower bar, his hand extended towards the child, which, at the very moment it would have been crushed, he caught by its little arm, raised it from the track, and bore it along in safety. One more minute, and the child uninjured, was restored to its mother's arms.

☞ A NARROW ESCAPE.—On Thursday last as Mr. Williams of Silver Spring township was driving along the turnpike about a mile west of this place, in a buggy, the western train of cars approached, his horse frightened and dashed off at a furious gait towards town, and at West Street crossed the track of the railroad just in front of the locomotive, the buggy striking the rail so violently as to break one of the wheels to pieces, and otherwise materially injuring the carriage. Had the horse been a moment later in crossing the track Mr. W. would inevitably have been killed.—*Carlisle Democrat.*

☞ The last *Hanover Gazette* says, Mr. Samuel Flickinger, residing about two miles from that place, came to that borough on Monday afternoon of last week, and after performing some of his antics, he left town in the evening, and as he did not reach his dwelling that evening his wife becoming alarmed sent their daughter in pursuit of him when she found him lying in a field, about a mile from that place, dead. On Tuesday a jury was summoned, and gave as their verdict "that he came to his death from drunkenness and exposure."

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

☞Flour in the east, $9 a $9 50—Wheat $2 30 a $2 38—Rye $1 25—Corn 93 cents—Oats 57 cents.

☞The anti-License Law has not yet passed the Senate. The Harrisburg Union says it will certainly pass and receive the Executive approval.

☞The Sunday Liquor Law took effect on the 1st inst. Dealers in the article are admonished to be careful, as fine and imprisonment are the consequences of a violation of the act. It refers to cider and beer as well as whiskey.

NEWS FROM EUROPE.

THE CZAR'S DEATH CONFIRMED!

NEW YORK, March 27.

The steamship Atlantic has reached her wharf, with Liverpool dates to the 10th.

Her advices confirm the death of the Czar Nicholas, and announce that on the 2d instant, the Emperor Alexander the Second ascended the throne, having peacefully succeeded his father.

He has issued a manifesto, stating that he will adhere to the policy of his father.

The Duke Constantine and the other brothers and officers, have taken the oath of allegiance to the new Emperor.

Alexander has confirmed the diplomatic instructions issued by Gortschakoff for the negotiations of the Peace Congress, and the first preliminary Conference has been held at Vienna.

The Emperor Nicholas, prior to his death, had recalled Menschikoff and appointed General Gortschakoff Chief in command, Ostensacken the second, and given to Gen. Luders the command in Bessarabia.

The Allies have ordered their Generals to press forward the war.

There has been more fighting in the Crimea. The French stormed a redoubt, skillfully erected by the Russians during the night, and several hundred were killed.

A strong rumor prevails that the Grand Duke Michael was among the wounded at Sevastopol, and has since died.

A large Russian force threatens Balaklava.

The blockade of the Danube is raised.

A speck of disagreement has risen between Napoleon and England. Napoleon declared that the two armies should not fight together if Mr. Roebuck's Committee proceeded with its inquiry. Lord Clarendon went by express to Boulogne, and made matters straight. In the meantime the Committee is proceeding, but it is thought that Parliament will be dissolved to obviate the difficulty.

The town of Broussa is reported to have been destroyed, with most of its inhabitants, by an earthquake.

Serious difficulties are occuring in Ticion, Switzerland.

☞Governor Pollock sent into the Legislature, on Friday, his veto of the act to charter a new bank at Pottstown. The message contains a number of sound sentiments, and such as have been presented time and again, both by the press and his predecessors in office; but nevertheless is a bundle of self-contradictions. The Governor truly remarks, that "the advantages to be derived from an increased number of banks are more fancied than real." He is equally true in denouncing it as "an error to suppose that an increase of banking capital adds to the actual capital of the State or nation." "Without an increase of banks and the facilities they afford," he says, and says truly, "the commercial and industrial interests of the country would suffer no serious reverse." This is all good anti-bank doctrine, and if the Governor would rest on it, he would save not only himself from the charge of inconsistency but the currency from the dangers with which an opposite course threatens it. Boiling down what the Governor says in favor of more banks amounts to this, and nothing more, namely, that they may do no harm. To sustain his consistency from the false steps taken in his inaugural in favor of more banks "were needful," has involved him in the unpleasant position of a two-sided argument in his veto. He is willing to incur imminent risks to the currency for a possible contingent convenience—"more fancied than real." The Governor admits that the resources of the Commonwealth were never more thoroughly developed, business never more prosperous, nor the currency sounder than it is and has been under the restrictive policy in banking, but for no better reason than that his inaugural favored more banks, does he express himself willing to butt his head against his own strong argument, and sign some of the bills. How many, we are left to conjecture. By this reasoning we should judge the number would be few, but for his act in signing the very objectionable bill for a bank at Allentown, there is reason to fear the number may be large. The Governor, we fear, has lost sight of the homely old proverb, to "let well enough alone." There is no need for experimenting with the currency, for it is now believed to be sounder, more convenient, and more reliable than that of any other State in the Union, and as good and healthful, perhaps, as we can ever expect it to be under our mixed currency system. Why then experiment? And what great interest of the State requires "stimulating?"—as the speculators in the establishing of new banks are pleased to term their gambling operations! None—none whatever. The Governor says: "In population, wealth, trade and commerce, our progress during the past ten years has been rapid and unprecedented.—Our mining, manufacturing and industrial interests have been largely and permanently developed, and are now in progress of more ample development; and yet, during this period, the additions to our banking capital had been almost nominal—bearing no appreciable proportion to the immense increase of the great interests already enumerated." These facts speak volumes, and are impregnable against forty columns of just such special pleading as is attempted to render them ineffective. Until the stubborn facts admitted by the veto, can be railed from the record, not a dollar should be added to Pennsylvania's banking capital.—*Ledger.*

The Way Colonels are Made.

The following card we clip from the Easton *Argus*. It would appear from this that Mr. Gross is not even slightly gullible. How humiliating it must be to the administration to have unasked for honors thrust back upon their hands. Sound Democrats, cannot be weaned with "sugar plums!"

Col HUTTER:—A rumor has been in circulation for some months past that I had left the Democratic party and joined the Know-Nothing organization. This report was strengthened by my recent appointment as Aid to Gov. Pollock. I do not wish my old Democratic friends to labor under any such impression. I am as good a Democrat as I ever have been and do not wish to be regarded as anything else. I never did, and do not now, belong to any party but the Democratic party. I never did, and do not now, belong to the Know-Nothing or any other secret political organization. The commission for Lieutenant Colonel was sent to me without my knowledge, and I do not want it.—I never applied for it and promptly returned it. I desire no such honor and ask no favor but to remain an humble member of the great Democratic party.

PHILIP GROSS.

Richmond, March 15, 1855.

From the Pittsburg Union, March 30.

Accident on the Penna. Railroad.

A Number of Passengers Scalded and otherwise Injured.

One or two Lives Supposed to be Lost!

Complete Wreck of Locomotive and several Cars!

We are indebted to Geo. P. Smith, Esq., of this city, who was a passenger on the Express train which left Pittsburgh for Philadelphia on Wednesday evening, for some particulars of the late accident. Mr. Smith, we are glad to say, escaped unhurt.

The catastrophe occurred at a point called Jackson Narrows, about five miles below Mill Creek and about ten miles below Huntingdon. A few minutes before the arrival of the express train, which left Pittsburgh on Wednesday evening, a rock became detached from the mountain side, which is at that point very steep, and rolled into the middle of the railroad track.—George Kidg, who attends a lock on the canal, about eighty rods below, observed the rock, and sent a man to give warning to the coming train. He met it, however, too late, coming at full speed, and was unable, without a light, to make any signal understood. The locomotive struck the rock, knocking it about two rods, and was thrown off the track but ran on without becoming detached from the cars, about two or three hundred yards, when it was overturned against a bank between the track and the canal. The tender and baggage car passed on clear of the locomotive, and the former then overturned, while the baggage car, a very long one, was thrown transversed across the track, and lay with one end against the stone wall at the south side of the road and with other end hanging over the canal. The first passenger car cleared the locomotive with little injury, and was thrown slightly to the right against the wall, which is built very near to the track. In the mean time, to wit, a second, the locomotive was falling back from the left bank toward the train, and tore the entire left side out of second passenger car, while the steam as it rushed from the boiler entered the car, severely scalding several passengers. The other cars had been detached and escaped injury; but those already mentioned presented the most singular piece of ruin that could be imagined. Indeed, were a painter to have put such a scene on canvass, it would have been criticised as a gross violation of all mechanical probabilities. The entire scene of the disaster is one of the wildest that could be imagined. Between the mountain on the south and the river, there is scarcely room for the canal and railroad track. The high and barren peaks thrown up by some old convulsion of nature, seem to bear testimony of events on the track of time, compared with which, the ruin of human art beneath them was insignificant, and one on which they could frown in disdain.

Taking into consideration all the circumstances, this is by far the most remarkable casualty that has ever happened on the road. In respect to the personal suffering which it has occasioned, it is gratifying to know, that the event was far less disastrous than an inspection of the ruins would warrant one in supposing it must have been. The names of the persons injured, as far as have been ascertained, are as follows:

Lewis Peebles, engineer, badly injured—reported dead last evening.

Fireman, Nepley, badly injured.

Dr. Geo. S. Ghiselin, of Ky., scalded.

Edward Fox, of Cincinnati, scalded on face and hands.

Emmor H. Price, of Md., scalded.

J. M. Chevis, Carlisle, Ky., scalded.

J. P. Cummings, Carrollton, O., scalded.

Wm. Smith, Point Pleasant, Va., scalded.

Samuel Pennock, Pittsburg, slightly scalded.

John Masterson, Phila., scalded.

Durbin H. Hawk, breakman, Harrisburgh, scalded.

George M. Carson, Lancaster, Pa. scalded.

Wm. F. Benedict, Salisbury, Conn. scalded.

E. G. Reddy, Upper Middleton, Fayette Co. Pa., scalded.

Two gentlemen badly scalded in the face—names unknown. It is probable that all of the persons scalded will soon recover, and that none of them will be disfigured. Prompt medical aid was rendered to them soon after the accident, and all but two or three were able to go on in the cars of the evening express train from Philadelphia, which could come no farther than the scene of the disaster and returned.

The escape of Mr. Martin, the baggage master, was almost miraculous. The car was crushed in on both sides, and the bottom was completely shattered. He seems to have saved himself by clinging to the bar on the top.

The locomotive, Atalanta, is the same one that met with an accident not long since, below Altoona. This is the third, and probably the last adventure of the kind; for the engine is now in fragments.

We are not able to state whether negligence can be imputed to the officers of the Company. The rock having lain but a few minutes on the track, it is hard to say that the accident was not unavoidable. Two watchmen are kept on that part of the road, whose duty it is to walk over the ground immediately before car time. Whatever delinquency there may have been, would seem to have belonged to Mr. Loughry, the watchman on the part of the road where the rock descended. The Company, if in fault, are punished pretty severely in the loss of locomotive and cars, to the amount of probably $12,000.

☞THE NAKED TRUTH.—That Christian who takes an oath to subserve the interests of any secret organization whatever, is guilty of the criminal folly of HEROD, without the excuse that a heathen might plead "for his oath's sake." The man who enters into such a combination against Jesuitism, puts himself under the tyranny of Jesuitism and endorses its worst feature.

☞The Clearfield Republican gives the following communication as from the pen of one of the most respectable citizens of that county, whose position and character entitles him to respect and confidence:

KNOW NOTHING EXPOSURE.

A Card.

BURNSIDE TP., Feb. 21, 1855.

MESSRS. MOORE & WILSON:—Gentlemen. I must ask the liberty to appear before the public, for the first time in my life, in the columns of a newspaper. To vindicate my own character, and to expose the corruption of a secret oath-bound political combination in our midst, is my only object. I have all my life endeavored to keep my obligations with my fellowman, and intend to do so in future, whenever sound morality binds me to do so. I regret that duty to my conscience and my country, compel me thus publicly to renounce an obligation taken without knowing its extent or its character. I mean the obligation imposed upon the members of the order of the "Star Spangled Banner," as it has been recently called, but more familiarly known as the order of "Know Nothings." I became a member of the order previous to last election, and took the first two degrees. The order to which I belonged was called the "New Washington Council," No. 261, and held its meetings in the town of New Washington, Burnside township, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania. The meetings were held always after night, in a secret manner, in some out-house or uninhabited building, with the windows darkened and made secure from observation. One of the meetings was called in my wagon-shed, being able to find no better place where the Council could meet without fear of detection. The instruction to the members was, always to approach the place of meeting alone, and to leave in the same manner, for fear of exciting suspicion. I must here confess that I always felt a degree of meanness in going to and returning from those places, that I had never before felt: and the more I knew and learned of their secret organization, and their movements, the more I became convinced that no *honest, upright, conscientious* man could, without great violence to his feelings, and an entire surrender of all self-respect and dignity of character, continue in their ranks.—I had always before felt the proud consciousness of being an honest man and a freeman. I had never known what it was to shrink from the gaze of any man or set of men. I had always felt, and feel now, that it is a high privilege for a "freeman to express his thoughts" on all occasions and upon all subjects. I have been taught to believe that an "honest man is the noblest work of God" and my highest ambition through life has been to occupy among my fellow men that exalted position. I soon found however, that I had been decoyed into a secret society, that claimed from me a very different character—a society that not only asked me voluntarily to *falsify the truth* and to act the *knave*, but actually imposed upon me an oath in advance, by which I was bound to *lie* at their bidding. Having without proper reflection assumed these oaths, and become a member, I concluded for a while to remain with them and learn what I could of them. I have now left them and forever! I shall no more meet in their secret conclaves, and no longer hear their impious oaths administered. I rejoice to feel that I am again a freeman! Those whose conscience will allow them to remain in their ranks can do so. Doubtless ere this I have been expelled from their Council, for my denunciation of the order, and if so, our obligations are dissolved by "mutual consent."

The question here arises in my own mind—have I done my whole duty in merely freeing myself from their unhallowed influences? Do I not owe it as a duty to my fellow-men to expose this combination, and to warn them against what I conceived to be the most dangerous political movement that has ever existed in this country. I know there are those who will think and say that I am violating a high obligation if I attempt to expose the doings of these midnight orgies, but I shall content myself with the belief that they are not those for whose opinions I have much regard. I have thought long and anxiously on the subject. My conscience approves the course. If the judgment of the public is rendered in my favor, I shall feel glad: if not, I shall be supported by the purity of my own motives. I firmly believe the oaths administered to be immoral in their tendency, and corrupt in their influences. Having sworn to become *dishonest*, and to practice *falsehood*, am I bound to keep that oath? Having sworn, if needs be, to perjure myself in a court of justice, will the Almighty hold me responsible for the violation of such an obligation. Believing as I do, that my duty, both to my God and to my country demand at my hands a full renunciation of all such obligations, can I hesitate? Certainly not! Every impulse of my heart approve the course I have adopted, and my friends will allow me alone to be responsible for the consequences. I shall settle that account before a tribunal far above the reach of Know Nothingism, and before which neither their *favors* nor *frowns* can affect me. One thing I know, I should not be alone if others were not afraid to go with me. There are hundreds in their ranks, whose outraged feelings dictate the same course: and who, if they can summon to their aid sufficient moral courage, will soon follow in my footsteps. I shall therefore proceed to unmask the monster and expose its iniquities to the public gaze.

The organization of the secret society to which I allude, is after the following form:—In the beginning it was called a society of "Know Nothings," and I may be allowed to say the name was peculiarly appropriate. So soon, however, as that became generally known, they changed it for another, and then another, until during the short period of their existence they have been known by several appellations, the last of which known to me was the "Sons of the Star Spangled Banner." There is a "Grand Council" for the United States, the president of which has a superintendence and control over all the "Councils" of the United States. There is a subordinate "Grand Council" for each State, with a President who controls the "Councils" in the different counties of the State. The "Grand Council" for Pennsylvania is in Philadelphia, and the President thereof appoints an "*Instructor*" for each county in the State, who has charge of the "Councils in the different townships in the county.—The "*Instructor*" for the county is sole dictator and settles all questions arising in the "Councils." He orders when their meetings shall be held for making political nominations, and if the nominations do not please him, he may order another to be held, and so on until they are satisfactory. He also appoints for each "Council," a "Deputy Instructor," who acts for him and under his advice and directions. Each "Council" is bound in everything to the strictest obedience to its superior. This arrangement first alarmed me. I joined the order, because I had been induced to fear the power of the "Pope." But when I learned that the President of the "Grand Council" had more power than is even attributed to the Pope of Rome, that he was constituted for the purpose, and willing to use his power to further the designs of the basest political demagogueism, I could not close my eyes to the fact, that he was a more dangerous enemy to the civil institutions of our country than I had before thought the Pope. I fear now that my worst apprehensions will be realized. H. Bucher Swoope, of the borough of Clearfield, is the "Instructor" for Clearfield county, and directs the movements of all the "Councils" in it. He is understood to be among the first members of the order in the county.

In Burnside township there are three "Councils," one held at New Washington, one near Patchins, and one called the "Crooked Run Council." Dr. James M. Bunn is the "Deputy Instructor" under Swoope, for the New Washington Council, and those who know that individual best, can judge of the character of the instruction he would be likely to impart. I am sure they will not charge him with much *moral* instruction or many long prayers. In a recent instance in our township, after a regular nomination had been made and ratified by a vote of the Councils for township officers, these instructors, H. Bucher Swoope and Dr. Bunn, (a pretty pair,) orders a new nomination to be made, and the Councils as in duty bound had to obey. How humiliating to the old inhabitants of the country, who were "pioneers" in its early settlement, and who have had a voice heretofore in its political welfare, to be obliged to bow before the dictation of one who has not resided two years in the county. Let those who are opposed to "foreign influence," condemn at the same time this kind of 'foreign interference' and I am with them. No matter how great a profligate, or how corrupt the man may be, the "Council" must yield implicit obedience to their "Instructor." He may be a gambler, a drunkard, a blasphemer of religion, and fresh from the scourges earned by his infamy, and yet the by-laws of this secret oath-bound society require better men to surrender, not only their own judgment, but their sense of right and wrong, to blindly follow such a leader. Such is Know Nothingism, and such its votaries know it to be.

The meetings so far as I attended them, were generally occupied in initiating members. They have no object so far as I can learn, but that of controlling the politics of the country, and grasping the offices. The President for each Council call the meetings together by a written notice, unintelligible to any except the initiated. He takes the chair and presides during the evening. The general topic of discussion in the Council before the election last fall, was how to best decoy the Democrats into their ranks, and generally how to augment their forces, and gain the ascendancy. Their hope is to ride into power on the popular prejudice against the Roman Catholic church, and indeed they are making rapid strides towards effecting their object. I could go with them in an honest effort against any political power attempted on the part of that church, and with that object in view many joined their ranks. But when I saw that bad men of all parties had joined them, and were willing to prostitute the association to the basest political purposes to obtain power, I could no longer see any hope of accomplishing the original object. They are now composed very largely of the ignorant, who are to be pitied; the bigoted sectarian, who is more designing than foolish; the broken down and disappointed politicians of both parties; the demagogues, who love spoils more than party, and who fancy they can see a glimmer of hope ahead: a part of the clergy in some of the Protestant churches, who are longing for power, and who carry with them more or less of their members, the floating population of the country, with no fixed principles either moral or political, usually denominated "majority men," or men who vote on the strong side if they can find it. If these classes of men combined have the numerical strength they will succeed. The order hopes to be able in 1856 to hold in their hands sufficient power to secure the election of a Know Nothing President, and by obtaining the reins of government to perpetuate their power. A desperate effort will be made; perhaps such a one as this country never witnessed. In my opinion, if *virtue, intelligence and honesty of purpose* is in ascendancy in this country, they will be defeated; if not, they may triumph. For my own part I have heretofore been a Whig, and have always gloried in the triumph of Whig principles, but even to accomplish that object the sacrifice is too great.

The following is a copy of the oaths and examination which every member must undergo, and subscribe to before becoming a member, as nearly as I can recollect. That they are substantially true, I pledge myself to prove in a court of justice if opportunity be afforded me. They are contained in a book, one copy of which is furnished to each Council. The "Instructor" has possession of it, and administers the oath from it, but the members are not allowed to have it. I suppose for the same reason that Roman Catholic Priests do not let their members read a bible; because they are too ignorant to read and understand it. I thought it strange that they as an order should adopt a course they so much disapproved in others.

The candidate is first proposed by a member of the order to the Council, without his knowledge. Three negative votes black ball him.—If elected, he is secretly requested to present himself in the ante-room of the Council, when an officer appears from within and administers to him the following oath:

[*The Ooth is precisely the same as the Oath published in the Gazette a few days prior to the last Election, so that we deem it unnecessary to re-publish it here.*]

I have thus given the forms as far as the second degree. I never went further. It will be a matter of regret all my life that I ever went so far as I did. I have now, however, done all I can to atone for it.

I may add, before closing this communication, that the exposure published in the *Pennsylvanian* last summer is substantially correct, and was so considered at that time in the Council. I was then a member, and heard it discussed.

Yours Respectfully,

THOMAS MAHAFFEY.

☞TO THE PUBLIC.—Having been seduced into the order commonly called "Know-Nothings," by representations made to me by men in whom I had confidence, that the order was to correct all abuses which afflicted our country in past time, that the order was intended to carry out Democratic measures, and having found by recent developments that the whole things is a WHIG TRICK, to cheat Democrats out of their principles, I have withdrawn from the order and severed my connection with it, and I deem it my duty to warn all Democrats that by remaining in the order they are aiding our ancient enemies, the Galphin Federal Whigs, to fasten upon the country old exploded Whig doctrines, which had their birth in the Hartford Convention, and which have been repudiated by the people time and again since.

JOHN KENEASTER.

Lancaster, Ohio, March 19, 1855.

Correspondence of the Boston Post.

Letter from Iowa.

DAVENPORT, IOWA, March 10, '55.

Spring, bright and beautiful, has come. For several days past the weather has been warm and delightful, and the breezes that sweep over our prairies come like whispering angels with promises full of joy and gladness. Winter is passing away to his stronghold in the mountains of eternal ice in the north, and spring, radient with smiles, and ushered by the balmy south wind is with us. Clouds of Pigeons, thousands of the different species of wild ducks, and those sure harbingers of spring, the American Brant and wild goose, are seen winging their unvarying flight to the regions far in the north. Our noble river, that for several weeks past has been ice bound, affording a safe transit to the ceaseless ebb and flow of the human tide, has, in the majesty of its power, burst its bonds assunder.—The breaking up was a sight worth the journey of a thousand miles to see. Yesterday there was a cry in the street that the ice was coming, and hundreds were quickly assembled to witness the crash, and among the rest myself: and I verily believe that the only word I uttered for half an hour was 'magnificent,' but this was oft repeated. The upper rapids of the Mississippi extend from this point fifteen miles up, and owing to the swiftness of the current have been open for several days. Yesterday the ice above gave way and came sweeping down in immense masses and with irresistable force.—When it came in contact with that which still remained firm between the city and Rock Island the scene was truly grand and exciting, and gave evidence of the tremendous power that the "father of waters" sometimes displays.

The floating field commenced gorging the whole width of the river, and huge pieces were thrown with their edges fifty feet into the air. Finally the ice commenced running under, and was borne to the top again by the current from below, thus forming, as it were, a vast revolving cylinder of ice that glittered in the sunlight like a sea of fire; but the pressure constantly accumulating, became so great that a channel was forced, and down went the ice hills, plunging and crushing as though possessed of the spirits of a thousand demons. Immense winrows of ice were formed on both banks of the river, burying wharf boats, skiffs, wood piles and everything else within reach, utterly regardless of the damage done, or the puny efforts of men to preserve their properly. At the present time the river is nearly clear and the opening of navigation is daily looked for.

Emigration from the eastern states has already commenced: the largest portion of which seems to come from the states of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, notwithstanding several live Yankees have made their appearance, and can be seen in the hotels reading newspapers, on the corners taking notes, trying the quality of Iowa lumber, with their jack-knives, and carving curious devices on the lamp posts with always an eye out for the main chance. The prospects of a heavy increase in the population of our state the present season are most flattering, and everything tends to substantiate the fact that Iowa, at no distant day, will take her place among the wealthiest and most powerful of the states.

Who are Your Companions?

"He that walketh with wise men shall be wise; but a companion of fools shall be destroyed."

It is said to be a property of the tree frog that it acquires the color of whatever it adheres to for a short time. Thus when found on growing corn, it is commonly of a very dark green. If found on the white oak it has the color peculiar to that tree. Just so it is with men. Tell me whom you choose and prefer as companions, and I certainly can tell who you are. Do you love the society of the vulgar? Then you are already debased in your sentiments. Do you seek to be with the profane? In your hearts you are like them. Are jesters and buffoons your choicest friends? He who laughs at folly is himself a fool, and probably a very stupid one, too. Do you love and seek society of the wise and good? Is this your habit? Would you rather take the lowest seat among such than the highest among others? Then you have already learned to be wise and good. You may not have made much progress, but even a good beginning is not to be despised. Hold on your way, and seek to be a companion of all that fear God. So you shall be wise for yourself, and wise for eternity.

SAGACITY OF AN ELEPHANT.—We passed an elephant working on the road, and it was most interesting to watch the half-reasoning brute; he was tearing out large roots from the ground by means of a hook and chain, fastened round his neck with a species of collar. He pulled like a man, or rather like a number of men, with a succession of steady hauls, throwing his whole weight into it, and almost going down on his knees, turning round every now and then to see what progress he was making. Really the instinct displayed by the elephant in its domestic state is little short of reason in its fullest sense. There is no doubt they do think, and also act upon experience and memory, and their capacity seems to increase in an extraordinary degree from their intercourse with man. The remarkable nicety and trouble they take in squaring and arranging the blocks of hewn stone when building a bridge is incredible, unless seen; they place them with as much skill as any mason, and will return two or three times to give the finishing touches when they think the work is not quite perfect. They retire a few yards and consider what they have effected, and you almost fancy, you can detect them turning their sagacious old noddless on one side, and shutting one eye in a knowing manner, to detect any irregularities in the arrangement.—*The Bungalow and the Tent by E. Sullivan.*

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of Solomon Rice, late of Southampton Township, Bedford county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

P. DONAHOE.

April 6, 1855. Adm'r.

NEW STORE

And New Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS, AND NO MISTAKE!

ELI FISHER

Would respectfully avail himself of this method of informing the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he has opened an entirely New

Dry Goods, Grocery, and Fancy Store,

in the Borough of Bedford, in the room formerly occupied by Dr. Hofius, and second door west of Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store, where he has just received from the cities of

New York and Philadelphia

one of the most elegant assortments of Goods ever brought to Bedford, which, having been purchased for cash, under the most favorable circumstances, he feels warranted in saying that he can sell them at prices so low as to *astonish* the purchaser, and all in want of good Goods, at the shortest possible profit, are invited to give him a call. His stock embraces every variety of

Ladeis Dress Goods,

such as Silks, Satins, Delaines, Bombazines, Spring Shawls, novelties in Lawns, British Prints, Plaid Ginghams, Undersleeves, from 12½ cents up, Hosiery in every variety, Shoes, Boots and Slippers, for Ladies and Children—in fact almost every article adapted to a Ladies' wardrobe, which it would require too much space to enumerate in detail. His stock of FLATS and BONNETS for Ladies, Misses, and Children, is large, rich and CHEAP.

His Groceries, Teas, Spices, Syrup, &c. &c. are all of the very best quality.

☞He will consider it no trouble to shew his Goods, and he hopes the LADIES especially will call and examine his assortment whether they purchase or not. Always remember, however, that ELI FISHER'S is the place for BARGAINS!!!

April 6, 1855.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has removed his Tinning Establishment to the building recently occupied by Mr. Luther, as a Confectionary Store, in the Diamond, where he is better prepared than ever to accommodate his customers with every article in the line of his business, either wholesale or retail, and hopes they will give him a call at his new location.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

REMOVAL.

JOHN J. LUTHER

Having removed his *Confectionary Store* to the white frame building directly opposite the Store of A. B. Cramer & Co. would announce to his old friends, and the public generally, that he is prepared to render satisfaction to all who favor him with a call. ☞He has fitted up a private and handsome room for the accommodation of Ladies, the entrance to which is through his front family door, which they will find both convenient and pleasant. ICE CREAM and other delicacies will be served up in the best style, in season.

April 6, 1855.

LAND FOR SOLDIERS.

To Soldiers, both regular and Volunteers, sailors, Marines, Flotilla men, Musicians, Wagon Masters, Teamsters, Indians, and all persons who have served *fourteen days* in any of the wars of the United States since the year 1790, the Law of 1855 gives you One Hundred and Sixty Acres of Bounty Land. I am prepared promptly to execute your warrants for Bounty Land. You will save time and money by at once applying for instructions and blank Forms. Widows and minor children of any of the above are entitled to the same.

☞Warrants bought and sold on commission.

☞Commissions received for the sale of Real Estate. Address

FRANKLIN G. MAY,
No. 12, Wall Street, N. Y.

April 6, 1855—3t.

TO OFFICERS, SOLDIERS, SEAMEN, &c. OF ALL WARS,

Their WIDOWS and MINOR CHILDREN.

S. M. KNIGHT, Attorney for Government Claimants, WASHINGTON, D. C.

CONTINUES to give prompt and personal attention to the prosecution of Claims of every description against the General Government, and particularly to those before the Treasury Department, Pension and Bounty-land Bureaus, Patent and General Land Offices, and Board of Claims.

An experience of years, and a familiarity with the means of obtaining the *earliest* and most favorable action on Claims, with his facilities for the dispatch of business, justify him in assuring his Correspondents, Claimants, and the Public generally, that interests intrusted to his keeping will not be neglected.

PENSION, BOUNTY LAND, PATENT, AND PUBLIC LAND LAWS.

He has nearly ready for gratuitous distribution among his business Correspondents, (and those who may become such,) a neat pamphlet containing a synopsis of the existing Pension, Bounty Land, Patent, and Public Land Laws, down to the end of the late Congress, including the

Bounty Land Act of 3d MARCH, 1855,

under which all who have heretofore received less than 160 acres are now entitled to additional land; said act grants also 160 acres to all Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Chaplains, Soldiers, Wagon-masters, Teamsters, and friendly Indians, of the army, including State Troops, Volunteers and Militia—and all Officers, Seamen, ordinary Seamen, Marines Clerks, and Landsmen, of the Navy, not heretofore provided for, who have served not less than fourteen days (unless in battle) at any period since 1776; and to the widows and minor children of all such persons entitled, and deceased.

This pamphlet contains "Forms of Application" more full and complete than any elsewhere to be found; adapted to the wants of every class of Claimants under the Act, with copious decisions and instructions of the Department, and practical suggestions as to the course to be pursued in suspended or rejected cases.

Parties not wishing to avail themselves of the facilities afforded by this Office in securing *prompt and personal superintendence* of their claims at the Departments, can obtain copies of the above pamphlet by remitting thirty cents in postage stamps.

Inducement to Correspondents.

Correspondents who prepare and forward cases for management by this Agency will be dealt with liberally; supplied with all necessary blanks *gratis*, and kept constantly advised of the changes that from time to time occur in the execution of law.

It is within the subscriber's power to direct his Correspondents to the locality of very many persons entitled under the late Act; and having obtained several thousand Land Warrants under former laws, he is in possession of data that will materially assist in securing additional bounty.

Fees, below the usual rates—and contingent upon the admission of claims.

The highest cash prices given for Land Warrants, Revolutionary Scrip, and Illinoise Land Patents.

Address S. M. KNIGHT,
Washington City.

April 6, 1855.—1t.

A LIST OF RETAILERS of Merchandize of Bedford county for the year 1855.

	Class.	License.
Bedford Borough.		
A. B. Cramer & Co.	12	$12 50
Sansom & Gephart,	13	10 00
N. Lyons,	"	10 00
Rupp & Oster	"	10 00
Peter Radebaugh	14	7 00
Samuel Shuck & Co.	"	7 00
Dugdale & Kelly, Liquors,	"	10 00
Robert Fyan,	"	7 00
Mrs. Potts,	"	7 00
Isaac Lipple,	"	7 00
C. Loyer,	"	7 00
Wm. Schaffer,	"	7 00
Sonnaborn & Co.	"	7 00
James K. Hallam,	"	7 00
Eli Fisher,	"	7 00
John Arnold,	"	7 00
Andris Saupp,	"	7 00
Dr. Reamer, Liquors,	"	10 50
Dr. Harry, Liquors,	"	10 50
Eating Houses.		
John G. Minnich,	8	5 00
John J. Luther,	8	5 00
A. Defibaugh,	8	5 00
Jacob Bolinger,	8	5 00
West Providence.		
Wm. States & Co., Liquors,	14	10 50
W. McElheny & Co.	"	7 00
Jacob Barndollar & Co.	13	10 00
James Barndollar	13	10 00
Thomas Ritchey,	14	7 00
Monroe.		
J. Horton	"	7 00
D. Fletcher,	"	7 00
Michael Miller, Liquors,	"	10 50
Southampton.		
M. Cabner. Liquors,	"	10 50
Wm. Lashley,	"	10 50
M. Walters,	"	7 00
Colerain.		
J. M. Van Horn,	"	7 00
A. James,	"	7 00
Corle & Co. Liquors,	"	10 50
Broad Top.		
Joseph Fisher,	"	7 00
Evans & Brother,	"	7 00
Fluck & Hetrick,	"	7 00
Liberty.		
Daniel Berkstresser,	"	7 00
Thomas Evans,	"	7 00
Thomas McGillan, Liquors,	"	10 50
Patton & Gessler,	13	10 00
Joseph Crisman,	14	7 00
Jacob Snider,	"	7 00
James Dunn,	"	7 00
John Cyphers,	"	7 00
Wm. Fisher,	"	7 00
Schellsburg Borough.		
J. S. Schell.	"	7 00
A. B. Bunn,	"	7 00
Statler & Son,	"	7 00
Snively & Co.	"	7 00
Miller & Conley,	"	7 00
Widow Schell & Son,	"	7 00
Colvin & Robison,	"	7 00
Juniata.		
Turner & Kegg,	"	7 00
Wm. Keyser,	"	7 00
Wm. Platt & Brother,	"	7 00
Joseph Gondon, Liquors,	"	10 50
F. Hildebrant,	"	7 00
Londonderry.		
Thomas J. Porter,	"	7 00
James Mattingly,	"	7 00
East Providence.		
John Nycum,	"	7 00
Henry Reimund,	"	7 00
D. A. T. Black,	"	7 00
Harrison.		
V. B. Wertz,	"	7 00
Jacob G. Devore, Jr. Liq.	"	10 50
John Fichner,	"	7 00
Mr. Hickson,	"	7 00
Hopewell.		
John Dasher, Liquors,	"	10 50
John King & Brother.	"	7 00
Middle Woodberry.		
Jacob Brennaman,	13	10 00
G. R. Barndollar,	13	10 00
J. W. Duncan,	13	10 00
Putt & Brother, Liq.	14	10 50
P. Kagy, Eating House.	8	5 00
South Woodberry.		
James Piper,	14	7 00
S. R. Oster,	"	7 00
D. B. Buck,	"	7 00
George Kauffman,	"	7 00
Bedford Township.		
Edward Hoffman,	"	7 00
St. Clair.		
F. D. Beegle, Liq.	"	10 50
G. B. Amick & Brother,	"	7 00
Jacob H. Wright,	"	7 00
J. B. Smith,	"	7 00
Wm. Wench, Liquors,	"	10 50
G. D. Trout,	"	7 00
Cumberland Valley.		
Jacob Anderson,	"	7 00
John May,	"	7 00

☞ An appeal will be held at the Court House in Bedford on the 8th day of May.

SAMUEL RADEBAUGH,
Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes for 1855.
April 6, 1855—4t.

Physician to Poor House.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, March 6, 1855, the following resolutions were unanimously passed by said Board:

Resolved, That we do hereby appoint Dr. F. C. REAMER Physician to the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county for one year from this date.

Resolved, That said Dr. F. C. Reamer be and he is hereby required to attend all paupers within six miles of the Borough of Bedford, and that for his services in attending the Poor House and Paupers within six miles of said Borough, we do hereby agree to pay him the sum of one hundred dollars per annum.

Resolved, That notice be published in the several papers of the Borough of Bedford that Dr. F. C. Reamer has been appointed Physian as aforesaid, and that we will pay no bills for services rendered by Physicians to Paupers when the services of Physician to the Poor House could be obtained. April 6, 1855—6t.

Surveyors take Notice!

You are required by act of Assembly in the month of April in each year, to test your compass by the Meridian Line in the Poor House meadow, and record in a book kept for that purpose in the Commissioners office the amount of variation. Also to measure your chains by a standard measure to be found at the Commissioners Office. The penalty for surveying without complying with these regulations is $10 for each offence. By order of Commissioners.

A. S. RUSSELL,
April 6, 1855. Clerk.

SHERIFFS SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. to me directed, there will be sold, at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday the 30th day of April, 1855, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, viz:

One Tract of Land containing 150 acres more or less about 100 acres cleared and under fence with a story and a half log house and double log barn thereon erected adjoining Lands of Benj. Lyberger James Logue and others; situate in Londonderry township Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Wolford.

All of Defendant's John Fagan his interest in and to a lot of ground fronting one hundred and sixty on a fifteen foot alley and extending back about 136 feet with a one story frame house and small frame stable thereon erected and adjoining lands of Alexander Putt on the north-west and lot of Shontz and Boler on the south; situate in Stoners-town Liberty township Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of John Fagan.

Also one lot of ground fronting 60 feet on Main street and extending back 173 feet with a new two story frame house and log stable thereon erected adjoining an alley on the east and lot of Lucy Gillim on the west; situate in the town of Clearville Monroe township Bedford county—

Also one other lot of ground containing 4½ acres more or less all cleared and under fence adjoining lands of Philip Grubb Joseph Barkman and others; situate in Monroe township Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of Elias Ritz Esq.

One lot of Ground in the Town of Pleasantville fronting 60 feet on the Johnston Road and extending back about 300 feet to lands of Benjamin Bowen and adjoining lot of Alexander McGregor and others; situate in St Clair Township Bedford County and taken in Execution as the property of Jeremiah R Blackburn.

One Tract of Land containing 109 acres more or less about 40 acres cleared and under fence with a one and a half story log house double log barn and saw mill thereon erected adjoining lands of Absalom Garlick Joel Clark and others; situate in East Providence township Bedford County and taken in Execution as the Property of Henry Hand.

One Tract of Land containing 303 acres more or less about 65 acres cleared and under fence with a two story log house tenant house double log barn and good saw Mill thereon erected also an apple and peach orchard thereon adjoining lands of John Allison Andrew Allison and others; situate in Union Township Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of John Mock.

Also one tract of land containing 52 acres more or less about twenty acres cleared and under fence with a story and a half log house log Cooper shop attached and small Double log Barn thereon erected also an apple orchard thereon adjoining lands of Frederick Mench William Wetstone and others; situate in Colerain township Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of Samuel S. Barrick.

Also one tract of land held by improvement containing 80 acres more or less about 30 acres cleared and under fence with a story and half log house and double log Barn thereon erected adjoining lands supposed to be vacant on the east John Luman Wm. Frederick's heirs and Jacob Wertz on the North and Sarah Luman on the South and others; situate in Cumberland Valley township Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of Zacheus Luman.

All of Defendant Johnathan Potts his interest in and to a tract of land containing 200 acres more or less about 50 acres cleared and under fence with a story and half log house and log barn thereon erected adjoining lands of Levin Shiply William Yost and others; situate in Southampton Township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Johnathan Potts.

Also one tract of land containing 250 acres more or less about 30 acres cleared and under fence with a story and half log house and small log barn thereon erected adjoining lands of Morgan Cessna George James and others; situate in Coleram township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Moser.

Also one lot of ground fronting 93 feet on the Public Road and extending back 245 feet with a two story log house kitchen and cooper shop attached and frame stable thereon erected adjoining lots of John F. McKinney John Ebberly and others; situate in South Woodburry township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Stoler.

Also one tract of land containing 200 acres more or less about 40 acres cleared and under fence with a story log house tenant house and log stable thereon erected adjoining lands of Tefers heirs John Layton and others; situate in Monroe township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Samuel Karns.

Also one lot of ground in the town of Woodbury fronting 66 feet on the Pattonsville and Woodbury turnpike road and extending back about 196 feet and adjoining lots of George R. Barndollar on the west and alley on the north and others with a two story Brick house one two story frame house wash house and frame stable thereon erected; situate in Middle Woodberry township Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of David Edwards.

Also two lots of ground in the town of Marietta fronting on main street 60 feet each and extending back 160 feet with a two story log house and log stable thereon erected adjoining lands of John Corle and Caselton Ake; situate in Union township Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Joseph A. Corle.

HUGH MORE, *Sheriff.*
April 6, 1855.

Bedford County, ss.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 12th of February, A. D., 1855, Before the Judges of the said Court—

On motion of O. E. SHANNON, ESQ., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of John W. Hammer, late of St. Clair Township, deceased, to wit: Mary, intermarried with John Middleton, residing in Cambra County; Hiram G. Charlotte, Lousia, Rachel, Julian, Gordon and Amanda, all residing in Bedford County, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the fifth Monday, 30th day of April inst., to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said John W. Hammer, deceased, at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of Partition or valuation, issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, and to the Sheriff of said County, for that purpose directed or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

IN TESTIMONY whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 20th day of February, A. D., 1855.

D. WASHABAUGH, Clerk.
April 6, 1855.

LIST OF CAUSES

Put down for Trial at April Term (30th day) 1855.

Wm. Leary	vs	Matilda Miller et al
Jerman Jacobs		William Figart
Zachariah Shaffer		George Kegarise
John Logue		Hezekiah Logue
John G Hartley		Joshua Price
Andrew Geller		John Cook
Campbell Hendrickson		Jacob Boore
Same		Same
Dr. Wm E Reichter		Samuel Winters
Geo B Wisegarver use		George W Wisegarver
Alexander Price		Josehp Price et al
Wm Delany		Jacob Teeter et al
Alexander Tate		George Peck
Jesse Sleek		Christian Nawgle
Henry B Mock		Jacob Andrews
John Kurry et al		Daniel Bulger et al
Pattonsville & Woodbury T R Co		James Patton
Same		John and Thomas King
Rebecca Brant use		David Patterson
Same		William Crisman adm'r
Adam Smith's heirs		Benjamin Lybeger
John Bowser		Samuel Whetstone
Andrew Galbraith		Wm Galbraith's Exors
Tobias Hinesling Exor		D W Lehman et al
Wm Lashly		Noah Hardsock
John Ruddlesdin		Wm P Schell
Samuel Whetstone		John Bowser et al
David Whetstone		Jonathan Bowser et al
Baltzer Shuly		Allegheny Seminary
Michael Moses		Joseph Ferguson
George B Wisegarver		John Wisegarver's Exors
John Nyeum		John A Plowman et al
Philip Crisman use		Alex McGregor Esqr
Josiah Smith et al		Henry W Smith
C N Hickok		Levi Agnew

D. WASHABAUGH, *Prothy.*

Prothonotary's Office, April 6, 1855.

FIRST ARRIVAL
OF
New Spring and Summer Goods.

The undersigned, thankful to their friends and patrons for the kind and very liberal patronage extended to them heretofore, would respectfully solicit a continuation of the same, and also inform them that they are now receiving from the eastern cities, and opening at

CHEAP SIDE!

A large and handsome assortment of new style

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Comprising a great variety of Ladies'

DRESS GOODS,

Of the latest and most fashionable styles, together with every other article adapted to the every day wants of the people, all of which they are prepared to sell

CHEAP FOR CASH

and approved produce, or upon a short credit to good and punctual customers.

OUR MOTTO,

"Short profits, many sales and quick returns," will still continue the ruling feature.

Come, then, and see the bargains, and buy only when satisfied that it's your interest to do so.

We will take pleasure in showing our goods, whether you wish to purchase or not.

☞ All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods.

RUPP & OSTER.
April 6, 1855.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

All persons interested either as heirs, creditors, or otherwise, are hereby notified that the following named persons have filed their accounts in the Register's office, and that they will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, on Friday, the 4th day of May next, at the Court House, for confirmation, at which time and place they may attend, if they think proper:

The account of Adam P. Fetter, admr. of David Fetter, late of Southampton township, deceased.

The account of Mahlon Smith, admr. of George Dull, late of Bedford township deceased.

The account of George Carl, admr. of Jacob Mock, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

The account of John Cessna, Esq., admr. of Frederick Steckman, late of Monroe township, deceased.

The account of Samuel Beckley, exor. of J. W. Willis, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

The account of Finley McGrew, admr. of Margaret Hammon, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

The account of Jacob Lingenfelter, admr. of George Snider, late of West Providence township, deceased.

The account of John P. Reed, Esq. admr. of Samuel G. Weaver, late of Bedford township, deceased.

The account of David S. Longenaker, admr. of Jacob Keagy, late of Middle Woodburry township, deceased.

The account of John Johnson, admr. of Abel Johnson, late of Southampton township, deceased.

The account of Joseph Dull, Esq. admr. of Mathias Hollar, late of Harrison township, deceased.

The account of Barnabas Steckman and Himas O'Neal, admr's. of George Steckman, late of Monroe township, deceased

The final account of Benjamin Lybarger, admr. of Adam Smith, late of Londonderry township, deceased.

The account of Nicholas Whiteline, admr. of John Christian Bine, late of Juniatta township, deceased.

D. WASHABAUGH,
Register.
April 6, 1855.*

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Bedford, Pa. March 31, 1855. Persons calling for letters in this list will please say they are advertised:

Bower Jonathan, Beard George, Buzzard Samuel, Bruner Nathan, Barley Mr., Coleman Ruth A. Miss, Carrel George, Clark Elizabeth Miss, Craine Eliza Jane Miss, Clingman Samuel Rev., Cooper John, Cook William, Croyle Geo. Clark John, Cessna Charles, Carn Hannah, Crouse Henry Mrs., Dreman Thomas, Defibaugh Daniel L., Diehl Christian Mrs., Diehl John, Davidson Mary A. & M. Miss, Dishong Henry, Diehl Joel, Davis Elzia Mrs., Edwards Amos, England Josiah, Fisher Mary Mrs., Frost Robert, Fetter George, Ferguson Wm., Freet Valentine, Fulford John, Graham Elizabeth, Gilgan Thomas, Hart Elizabeth, Hoffman Jesse, Hany Elizabeth Mrs., Hoyt Charles, Honestine Sarah A. Miss, Hershizer John A., Harkleroad Adam H., Hunt Mary A. Miss, Ickes Mathias, Irvin Mathew Rev., Inks E. Ickes George, Jackson Margaret N. Miss, James Maria Miss, Koon Reuben 2, Kimmel Singleton, Knox Joseph, Knox Malinda Miss, Kelly Margaret Miss, Lisinger James, Lakin Brice, Lysinger Wm., Lind Ann E. Mrs. Long Peter, Mower Andrew, Miller Wm., Miller Simon, Metzler Philip 2, Mentzer Harman, Miller Josiah, Moorehead James, Moothart Edwin, Norris Philip, Payne Fanny Miss, Tharp & Porter, Reichard Sarah, Ridenbaugh Mary, Rea Thomas L., Ritchey Michael S., Stifbeard Frederick, Sill Margaret Miss, Simmers Aron, Spidel Milton, Sill Mary L., Seltzer F. P., Scott Samuel D., Shafer Rose Ann Mrs. Shull Joseph, Slick Wm., Slick Margaret Miss, Stander Henry, Seth Christian, Sadler Christian F. Snider George W., Slater Elizabeth, Sill Geo. Rev., Stoudenhour Jacob, Slick Jesse, Snowden Wm. C., Trout G. D. 2, Winnard Philip, Whetstone David, Walters Wm. B., Wisegarver W. C., Welch Wm. Capt. Wolf David, Wareham Joseph, Weaver Jacob, Vonstein Jane Miss.

A. SAUPP, P. M.
April 6, 1855.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.
Isaac Lippel

Would respectfully announce to his old friends, and the public at large, that he has opened an entirely new CLOTHING STORE in the Borough of Bedford, in the room recently in the occupancy of Solomon Filler, where he has just received a very superior assortment of ready-made Clothing for Men and Boys, to which he invites attention, satisfied that he can please all who give him a call, both as to price and quality. He will also keep an assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries. He invites purchasers to examine his stock.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

ONIONS.—One barrel Seed Onions—just received nad for sale by A. B. CRAMER & Co.
Exchange Building.

Jas. K. Hallam

Would announce to his friends and the public that he has purchased the entire Store of the late James M. Gibson, and intends to continue business at the old stand. He has on hand an assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Teas, Segars, Jewelry, &c. &c. together with Confectionaries of every description. In a short time he will replenish his stock, so as to make it an inducement to purchasers to give him a call.—He has on hand a good supply of FLOUR, and will make every effort to accommodate the people in this line of his business, either wholesale or retail. He will also keep Bacon, Fish, Salt, Molasses, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Brooms, Brushes, Patent medicines, Drugs, Dye-stuffs, and every article usually kept in a retail store.

☞ PAPER HANGING and UPHOLSTERING will be attended to as usual with promptness and despatch—and he would take this occasion to say that he has now on hand, and will furnish to order, on the most favorable terms, every description of WALL PAPER and BORDERING.

By unremitting attention to business, and a disposition to please, he hopes to merit and receive liberal encouragement.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. **FRANCIS M. KIMMELL**, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford and Somerset, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and JOHN G. HARTLEY and JOS. B. NOBLE, Esqs. Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 5th Monday of April (being the 30th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 6th day of April, in the year of our Lord 1855.

HUGH MOORE, *Sheriff.*
April 6, 1855.

Public Sale.
OF VALUABLE TIMBER LAND.

Will be sold, at public Vendue, at the house of Jacob B. Anderson, in Cumberland Valley, on

TUESDAY, THE 10th DAY OF APRIL, 1855,

the following described timber land, situate on the East side of Wills Mountain, Cumberland Valley, Bedford county, to wit:

One tract in the name of John Sample, containing 397¼ acres and allowance, adjoining the Maryland Line, Hubartis Rice, Daniel Houck and others.

One other tract in the name of Robert Sample, containing 395 acres 116 perches, and allowance, adjoining the above, Thomas Elliott, Hardinger and others.

One other tract in the name of Joseph Sample, containing 397 acres 36 perches, and allowance, adjoining the last above tract, Daniel Sluger, and others.

One other tract in the name of Joseph Steel, containing 399 acres 110 perches and allowance, adjoining a tract in the name of Steel Sample, now belonging to Growdon, Hite, &c., Daniel Hardman and others.

Part of one other tract in the name of James Steel, supposed to contain 80 acres, adjoining the last above tract on the south, D. Hardman on the east, and part of same tract conveyed to W. C. Vickroy.

Part of the same tract supposed to contain 70 acres, adjoining Burkey and others, being the north part of said tract.

One other tract in the name of John Castle, containing 409 acres 68 perches adjoining the last above tract, John Burkey, and land in the name of Adam Ream and others.

One other tract in the name of Hugh Gible, containing 440 acres and allowance, adjoining the last mentioned tract, Henry Bruner and others.

One other tract in the name of John Gible, containing 398 acres and 99 perches and allowance, adjoining Henry Bruner, Thomas Hemming, and others.

One other tract in the name of James Gible, containing 393 acres 39 perches and allowance, adjoining lands of Thomas Hemming and others.

One other tract in the name of Owen Aston, containing 206 acres, 56 perches, and allowance, adjoining Thomas Hemming, William Deremore and George Bortz.

One other tract in the name of John Aston, containing 400 acres and allowance, adjoining the last mentioned tract and William Smith.

One other tract in the name of John Aston containing 410 acres 143 perches and allowance, adjoining the last mentioned tract, Tod's heirs, and others.

One other tract in the name of James Watt, containing 400 acres and 44 perches and allowance, adjoining the last above tract, John Tod's heirs, and W. Rea.

One other tract in the name of Wm. Watt, containing 419 acres and 68 perches and allowance, adjoining the last mentioned tract on the east.

Being the property of the estate of ABRAHAM KERNS, and S. M. BARCLAY, deceased, and will be sold in whole tracts or may be divided in 100 acre lots to suit purchasers.

TERMS:—One third in hand and the remainder in two equal annual payments.

JOB MANN,
One of the Executors of A. Kerns, deceased, and administrator with the Will annexed of S. M. Barclay deceased.

March 30, 1855

FOR RENT,

And possession given on the 1st of June, a TAN YARD in the Borough of Bedford, with all the fixtures complete, and a Dwelling adjacent thereto. Apply to either of the undersigned.

Wm. Hartley,
Job Mann,
John H. Rush,
March 30, 1855. For the Heirs.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to examine the exceptions filed to the account of Edwin A. Vickroy, one of the Executors of the last will, &c., of Thomas Vickroy, deceased, and to report them, will attend to the duties of said appointment on Tuesday, the 17th day of April next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at his office in Bedford, when and where all persons interested can attend if they see proper.

JNO P. REED,
Auditor.
March 30, 1855.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of James M. Gibson, late of the Borough of Bedford, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL H. TATE,
March 30, 1855. Adm'r.

NOTICE!

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County to report upon the exceptions filed to the account of George W. Vickroy, one of the executors of the last will, &c, of Thomas Vickroy, deceased, will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Tuesday the 17th day of April next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons may attend if they see proper.

JNO. P. REED,
Auditor.
March 30, 1855.

Notice of Inquisition.

Whereas ABRAHAM SPARKS, late of west Providence Township, Bedford county, deceased, died seized of the following Real Estate, viz:

The Mansion Place, containing three hundred acres, more or less, situate in said township, adjoining lands of Mathew M. Peebles and others, and lying on both sides of the Chambersburg and Bedford turnpike road.

Also another Tract of Land containing one hundred and seventy eight acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Mathew M. Peebles, Isaac Meixell, Daniel Sparks, and others, situate in said township.

Also, one other Tract, containing one hundred and fifty three acres, adjoining lands of Henry Richey, John Reily, John Smith and others, situate in said township.

Also, one other Tract, purchased from Saml. H. Tate's administrators, containing two hundred and eleven acres more or less, adjoining Nancy Black, John Nycum, Jas. Reiley, and others, and situate in East Providence Township.

Also, one other Tract adjoining lands of John Nycum, Isaac Diehl, and others, containing forty seven acres, more or less, situate in East Providence township.

Also one other Tract, adjoining Bernard Means and others, containing seventy-five acres more or less, and situate in Monroe township.

Also, one other Tract, adjoining the Mansion Tract, Uriah Hughes and others, and containing forty-four acres, more or less, and situate in West Providence Township.

Also, one other Tract containing four acres more or less, adjoining James Moses' heirs, Baltzer Morgart's heirs, and others, and situate in West Providence Township.

Also, one other Tract in West Providence Township, containing two hundred and twenty-four acres, more or less, and adjoining lands of George Smouse, Frederick Mench, Weichfoos, Solomon Hollar, and others.

Also a Lot of ground in Bloody Run No. 10.

Also, one other Lot in the said town of Bloody Run No. 11.

Leaving the following named heirs and legal representatives, to wit:

Sarah Sparks, a sister, residing in Bedford county, Hannah, a sister, intermarried with Solomon Hollar, residing in Bedford county, Joseph Sparks, a brother, residing in Bureau Co. Illinois, Mary, a sister, the widow of Boltzer Morgart, deceased, residing in Bedford county, Delilah, a sister, intermarried with Uriah Hughes, residing in Bedford county, Rachel, a sister, intermarried with Moses Bennard, residing in Athens county, Ohio, Solomon, (petitioner) a brother, residing in Bedford county; and the issue of John, a deceased brother, viz: Sarah Sparks, residing in Rock Island county, Illinois, and Rachel Sparks, Uriah H. Sparks, Delilah Sparks, William Sparks, Jonas Sparks, and John Sparks, all residing in Bedford county, and all being minors, all of whom, except Sarah, have for their guardian William States.

NOTICE is therefore hereby given that, in pursuance of a Writ of Partition or Valuation to me directed, I will proceed to hold an Inquisition or valuation on the premises, on Thursday, the 19th day of April next, when and where all interested may attend if they see proper.

HUGH MOORE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, March 23, 1855.

POSTPONEMENT!
Public Sale of Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Bedford county, the undersigned will expose to public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 17th day of March next, the following described Tract of 118 acres of land, situate in Liberty Township, adjoining lands of David Stoler and others.

This land is limestone of a good quality, lies one and a half miles from Stonerstown, and within about one mile of the Broadtop Railroad.

Has erected on it a two story log-house and kitchen; a good bank barn, blacksmith shop, spring-house, and other buildings. Also, a fine apple orchard thereon, with a variety of other fruit trees. There is also a never-failing spring of good water on the premises. Terms, which are easy, will be made known on the day of sale.

DAVID STOLER,
Adm'r of the estate of John Stoler, deceased.
Feb. 16, 1855.

☞ The above property not having been disposed of on the day specified, the sale is postponed until **TUESDAY** the **17th day of APRIL** next, when it will be offered as above.

March 23, 1855.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION WAREHOUSE
Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

THE subscribers are prepared at all times to carry Produce of every description and Merchandize to and from Philadelphia and Baltimore, on the most reasonable terms. The highest price paid at all times for all kinds of country Produce.

☞ Receiving Depots, BUZBY & CO. 365 Market street, Philadelphia.—JOHN BIGHAN, Baltimore, No. 151 B street.

C. W. EYSTER & CO.
Feb. 9, 1855—6m.*

JOSEPH W. TATE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
And Real Estate Broker, Bedford, Pa.

Will attend to all business entrusted to his care. He will give especial attention to Soldiers' Pensions, Claims, and Bounty Land.

He has two or three Farms and 4,000 acres of unimproved land for sale.

He has been appointed agent to prosecute the Robert Morris claims, to lands, in Bedford, Blair, Cumberland, Huntingdon, Adams, Perry, Juniata, Franklin, and Fulton counties.

Persons holding the Robert Morris lands by purchase, improvement, or warrant, may complete their titles by calling soon. Suits will be instituted against all trespassers not regarding this notice. ☞ Office on Julianna street.

Jan. 26, 1855.

A WORD TO SOLDIERS!

Republics are no longer ungrateful! Your country has done you full and ample justice!

All persons entitled to the benefits of the "Bounty Land Bill, are hereby notified that the subscriber will attend to their claims. Soldiers who served fourteen days, their widows and minor children, are entitled to 160 acres of land under the present law. ☞ Office on Julianna street.

JOSEPH W. TATE.
March 16, 1855.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of Jacob Bittle, late of South Woodberry Township, Bedford county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment: and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB S. BRUMBAUGH,
March 23, 1855. Administrator.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted to the undersigned, Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Henry Koons, late of Bedford Township, deceased, that all persons having claims on said Estate are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted thereto are hereby required to make immediate payment.

HENRY KOONS,
DAVID KOONS,
PETER WINEGARNER,
Executors of Henry Koons, deceased.
March 2, 1855.

News for the People!
NEW GOODS AT CHEAP CORNER, NO. I.

Fellow-Citizens: We take this opportunity of returning you our most sincere thanks for the liberal patronage you have so kindly bestowed on us. We would also inform you that we have just returned from the Eastern Cities, with a large and well selected assortment of Goods, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinets; Peter Shams, for over coats, Jeans, Ladies' fine dress goods, such as Silks, Alpacas, Coburg Cloths, Bombazines, Merinoes, and a large assortment of Bay State Shawls, Hosiery, for Ladies, Comforts, Crapes, Collars, &c., &c.—Mens,' Womens,' Boys' and Childrens' Shoes and Boots, and a general assortment of Groceries. Crushed and pulverized Sugars, best Rio Coffee, Teas of all kinds, N. O. Molasses, Golden Syrup, Mackerel, Salt by the sack, Baker's Chocolate, Broma Cocoa, and a general assortment of Goods usually kept in a country Store.

☞ All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods at market prices.

SANSOM & GEPHART.
Oct. 13, 1854.

KEAGY'S FOUNDRY!

The subscribers respectfully beg leave to inform the people of Middle Woodberry Township, and the country at large, that they are now prepared, at their establishment, one mile south of Woodberry, Bedford County, to furnish four-horse Threshing Machines, Pierponts' Patent Shaker, Cider Mills, Ploughs of every description, Keagy's Cooking Stoves, two different patterns, and two different patterns of Coal Stoves—Plough Castings, Wagon Boxes of all sizes, and cast Dinner Bells of three different sizes—also, Mill Castings of every variety. We are also prepared to fit up Machinery in the best and most durable style, and will give prompt attention to all orders in this line.

The public are respectfully invited to give us a call, as we feel satisfied that both our work and terms will please all who do so.

J. M. SNOWDEN,
WM. B. BLAKE,
Proprietors.
Oct. 27, 1854.

$50 REWARD.

Was stolen from the stable of the subscriber in Cumberland Valley Township on the night of the 8th inst. a dark bay Horse with two white feet, small star in the forehead, (rather long,) one eye resembling a glass-eye, having more white than the other; by close examination a little white will be found on the under lip; his feet are large; he is a regular trotter.

He is full 16 hands high, five years old this spring, and carries up well when rode.

The above reward will be paid for the horse and thief, or thirty dollars for the horse alone.

Address the subscriber at Bedford, Pa.

NICHOLAS BOOR.
Feb. 23, 1855.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞ Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN,
June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
BRYSON & SHIRLS.
Sept. 1, 1854.

CIRCULAR.

The undersigned present their most sincere thanks to their numerous patrons for their very liberal patronage since opening the NEW STORE on the 14th of April, 1851, which has succeeded far beyond their most sanguine expectations, and has inspired them with renewed efforts to replenish their spring supply with such styles for the coming season, as cannot fail to please the most fastidious. And, as our motto, QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS, has been fully carried out, and will continue the ruling feature, you may rest assured of purchasing your goods at the CHEAP SIDE at the very lowest possible prices.

Respectfully,
RUPP & OSTER.

June 16, 1851.

DOCTOR YOURSELF!

The Pocket Æsculapius; or every one his own Physician.

The 50th Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the human system in every form and shape. To which is added a Treatise on the Diseases of Females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M. D.

Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the ÆSCULAPIUS to his child; it may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the POCKET ÆCULAPIUS. Let no one suffering from a hacknied Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physician, be another moment without consulting the ÆSCULAPIUS. Have the married, or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

☞Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE CENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this work by mail, or five copies will be sent for One Dollar.

Address, (post paid,) Dr. WM. YOUNG,
No. 152 Spruce St., Philadelphia.

May 26, 1851.—1y.

Cooking Stoves.

On hand and just receiving a lot of new paterns of Cooking Stoves, for wood and coal, at

BLYMIRES.

In addition to his former stock, the subscriber has received a splendid assortment of Brass, Bell Mettle, Iron and English Kettles, which will please all in want of the article,—also a variety of other articles useful for house keepers. He has also on hand a lot of pump chains and fixtures, all of which will be sold low for cash, or on a short credit.

GEORGE BLYMIRE.

May 19, 1854.

"Fellow Citizens!"

Do you want to *leave your measure* for a FASHIONABLE SUIT OF CLOTHES, warranted to give satisfaction in STYLE, QUALITY, FIT and MAKE? Do you want to see a *large and splendid Stock of*

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

and other seasonable goods for *MEN'S WARE*? Do you want to see a *fine assortment of* COATS, PANTS and VESTS, gotten up in a style not inferior to the best ordered work? Do you want Under Garments of the "*right stripe*," or FURNISHING ARTICLES that "*can't be beat*," or

BOY'S CLOTHING

for your Sons? In short, if you want *all* or *any* of these things so essential to the adornment and comfort of the "outer man," call on

STEPHEN'S, Merchant Tailor,
McKaig's Row, Baltimore Street (next door to Campbell's Drug Store,) Cumberland, Md.

☞If you want an OUTFIT of
CHEAP READY-MADE CLOTHING,
I would advise you to call at the RAILROAD CLOTHING STORE, near the Depot.

May 19, 1854—1y.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his valuable Property, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, Pa., on which he at present resides, containing 50 acres of patented land, 30 of which are cleared and under post and rail fence, the balance well timbered with good saw timber. This property is on the waters of Bobbs' Creek, 4 miles north of Adolphus Ake's Mill, on the public road leading from Bedford to Johnstown or Jefferson, within 12 miles of Jefferson, and 16 miles of Hollidaysburg. The improvements are a Stone Grist Mill, with two run of Stones, one pair first rate French Burrs, with good merchant and country Bolts, and a complete Smut Machine. The Machinery is all good and substantial, and is partly new. The water power is sufficient during the entire year, and the custom is good and plenty of it. There is also a new Saw Mill on the premises, which will cut from 1500 to 2000 feet of Lumber a day inch measure, which is ready sale at the Mill. One of the Dwelling Houses is a three story frame, suitable for a public House or Store House, and is well finished. There are three other dwellings, two frame and one log house, also a frame stable and Wagon Shed, and other necessary buildings.

Also, will be sold, another Tract of Land containing 300 acres, about 75 acres of which are cleared, of which 10 are good meadow with facilities for making 20 or 30 more. The balance well timbered and well watered by the Bobbs' Creek running through it. There is on the premises an excellent site calculated for either Grist Mill or Saw Mill, with head and fall of 22 feet. There is a variety of choice fruit trees on the farm. The buildings are one good Log House and Stable and other outbuildings. Also, will be sold, 640 acres of good timber land, convenient to the Saw Mill, on which are the very best of saw logs. The above land is all patented, and a clear and indisputable title will be made to the purchaser or purchasers. Those wishing to purchase good property, will learn the conditions, (which will be moderate,) by calling with the subscriber, residing on the first named property.

CASELTON AKE.

July 21, 1854.

Notice to FARMERS.

A prime lot of little CLOVER-SEED warranted clean of Ripple, for sale by Samuel Barnhart at the Tavern of Valentine Steckman in Bedford. Feb. 16, 1855.

John A. Blodget,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend punctually to all business entrusted to his care. ☞*Office nearly opposite the office of the Bedford Gazette.*

March 3, 1854.

PIGS.

The undersigned having obtained from the East a fine selection of choice breeds of Hogs, including Chester county Suffolk, Grade and Berkshire Pigs, direct from imported stock, can now furnish any of these varieties to those desirous of improving their stock. A fine lot of Chester county Pigs, from the celebrated stock of Benjamin Hickman, Chester county, now for sale. Terms moderate.

WM. HARTLEY,
Mount Dallas Farm.

Jan. 12, 1855—6m.

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The Great Purifier of the Blood!

NOT A PARTICLE OF MERCURY IN IT.

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

An Infallible Remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Postules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all Diseases arising from an Injudicious Use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

☞This great alterative medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE." Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all Diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no Humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call on the AGENT and get a Circular and Almanac, and read the wonderful cures this truly greatest of all medicines has performed.

None genuine unless signed BENNETT & BEERS, Proprietors, No. 3 Pearl Street, Richmond, Va.: to whom all orders for supplies and agencies must be addressed.

Sold by Dr. F. C. REAMER, Bedford; J. M. BARNDOLLAR, Bloody Run; A. B. BUNN, Schellsburg, and by Dealers in Medicines everywhere. Oct. 20, 1854.—1y.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

Dyspepsia, Jaundice,

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits,

CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

DR. HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS,
Prepared by
DR. C. M. JACKSON,
No. 120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

J. D. SPRING, Laceyville, Pa., April 6, 1854, says: "I can get you some good certificates for your German Bitters in this vicinity if you wish them. A lady purchasing some of it this week, says that it is by far the best medicine she ever knew, having done her and her daughmuch good, &c."

S. B. LAWSON, Benfard's Store, Somerset Co., Pa., August 15, 1853, says: "I am much attached to your German Bitters, having used two bottles of it, which I procured from S. Kurtz, your agent at Somerset, and found great relief from in disease of the Liver. I find it has great effect upon my lungs, strengthening and invigorating them, which, as I am a public speaker, is a great help to me."

DR. GILES, Newton Hamilton, Pa., May, 1851, said: I have used myself half a dozen bottles of your German Bitters for Liver complaint and diseases of a nervous character, resulting from the abuse of mercury. I was poisoned and afflicted with spasms from the use of this latter article. The German Bitters is the first article from which I obtained any relief. I have also given the article to many dyspeptics, with the most salutary result. I think as many more bottles will cure me."

J. C. YOUNG, Esq., of Dauphin, Pa., writes May 5, 1851: "I was afflicted with General Debility, Intestinal weakness and Costiveness, for which I used many different remedies without relief. I at last used your Hoofland's German Bitters. I took a few bottles according to directions, and was completely cured. I have not been so healthy for ten years as I have been since I took your Bitters, which is about one year ago."

The Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, always strengthening the system and never prostrating it.

Sold by dealers in medicine and storekeepers everywhere. And by

Dr. F. C. Reamer, Bedford, Pa.

Oct. 20, 1851.—1y.

Truth is Mighty!

Important news for the Invalids of Albany!

PULVERMARCHE'S
HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAINS,

A New, Novel, and strictly Scientific Mode of applying Electro-Magnetism for the Instant Relief and Permanent Cure of all NERVOUS DISEASES,

Is for the first time introduced to the people of Albany and vicinity. We know that there is too much good sense among the inhabitants of this place to desire a long, unmeaning, extravagant advertisement; hence we shall simply give you a history of the Chains, and the success they have had in curing within the last year, *NERVOUS DISEASES.*

Pulvermacher's Electric Chains were first used in France, three years since, where the success that attended their use, soon attracted the attention of the FIRST MEDICAL men in Paris, who took pains to give them a still further trial, and recommended their adoption in the different Medical Colleges of that Kingdom. Within the last two years they have been introduced in Germany, Austria, Prussia, Belgium and England, where they soon became the most popular article for the INSTANT RELIEF AND PERMANENT CURE of that class of diseases called Nervous.

One year since they were introduced into the United States, and can now be found in all the principal cities in the Union. It is necessary to speak at length of their great success and unparalleled sale, wherever they have been introduced. It is sufficient to state that they are highly recommended by Professor Mott, Van Buren, Post and Carnochow, of New York, and also in daily use in every Hospital in that city. $1,000 dollars will be given to any person who will produce so many well authenticated certificates of cure, from intelligent patients and scientific physicians, of the following diseases, as may be found in a pamphlet of 36 pages, to be had (gratis) of the only agents in Albany, DEXTER & NELLAGER.

Painful and Swelled Joints	Palpitation of the Heart
Rheumatism	Neuralgia of the Face
Pains in the Back	Nervous Headache
Deafness, Blindness	Dyspepsia, Indigestion.
Pains of the Liver	General Debility
Nervous Cough	Female Diseases
Tooth Ache	Prolapsus Uteri.

It is not strange that the application of Electro-Magnetism will instantly relieve pain, wherever located, more quickly than opium or any of its compounds—for it is based upon the true theory of the origin of pain—a lack of the nervous fluid, which the Chains supply, by being applied over the parts affected—after first being moistened with common vinegar, which is the only preparation necessary.

The common sense of the people all over the country is awakening, and they have concluded that they will no longer make drug shops of their stomachs, or be guilty of swallowing the miserable, disgusting nostrums that are thrust before the public.

RHEUMATISM, that common disease of this climate, can be almost INSTANTLY relieved of its pain—and a permanent cure produced by simply applying a chain of 18 links for a few days, a few hours each day.

PROLAPSUS UTERI.

More than one hundred cases of this disease have been cured within the last year, that had baffled every other mode of treatment, by wearing a 30 link chain for a few weeks, by attaching one end upon the spine and the other on the abdomen. After a simple application the worst symtoms disappear, and the patient soon gains flesh and strength. I do not know of one single instance that has not been greatly benefitted, if not permanently cured.

ONE WORD OF CAUTION TO THE LADIES.—Ladies who are ENCIENTE, are requested to wear them only for a few moments at each application, for by long and frequent use MISCARRIAGE is often produced.

JOSEPH STEINERT, General Agent,
Broadway, New York.

Agent:—Dr. F. C. REAMER, Bedford, Pa.

June 9, 1854—1y.

MENGEL HOUSE.

THE subscriber having removed to the Mengle HOUSE, in the Borough of Bedford, recently in the occupancy of Mr. Isaac Mengle, respectfully announces to his old friends, and the public generally, that he is fully prepared to accommodate all who honor him with a call, and hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of custom. He will make it his study to render comfortable all who stop with him—and he invites Travellers, Movers, Drovers, and persons attending Court to give him a trial.

His stabling is of the best quality, and competent to accommodate a large number of horses, and it will always be attended by an obliging and attentive hostler.

Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month, or year, on reasonable terms.

Determined to spare neither pains nor expense to make his house what it should be, he confidently relies upon the public for a generous support.

JAMES S. BECKWITH.

March 31, 1854.

New Drug & Book Store.

WE wish it distinctly understood by this community and country, that we pay particular attention to the selection of our Drugs and Medicines, purchasing none but the *very best* and *purest articles*. We have for sale cheap all the approved popular patent medicines, *Ayer's Cherry Pectoral*, *Jayne's Medicines*, Pain Killer, and all the Sarsaparillas. Also Lubin's Extracts for the Handkerchief, fancy soaps, colognes, pommades, ox marrow, &c. We also keep constantly on hand a general assortment of *School & Miscellaneous Books*, Blank Books, Cap and Post Paper, &c., &c., &c. In fact, if you want anything in the Drug, Medicine, Book, Soap or Brush line, call at the New Drug and Book Store and you *shall* be accommodated.

B. F. HARRY.

Jan. 13, 1854.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

The subscriber has on hand a large assortment of LUMBER of the best quality, among which is 100,000 Shingles, of different kinds; 75,000 feet of superior Boards, and a splendid lot of Locust Posts. Builders, and others in want of Lumber, will find it to their advantage to examine his large assortment.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Jan. 14, 1853.

GUN SMITHING.

DANIEL B. BORDER respectfully informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he has removed his shop to the house in the east end of Bedford, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh, where he is prepared to manufacture *Double and Single barrel Rifles* and *Double and Single barrel Shot Guns* of the best quality.

☞All repairing of guns, locks, &c., done with neatness and despatch.

May 26, 1854.

Life Insurance.

Key Stone Mutual Life Insurance Company of Harrisburg, Pa., has a Guarantee Capital of $75,000.

President, Hon. LUTHER REILEY, M. D. Pamphlets, Circulars and all necessary information can be obtained by calling at the office of the subscriber, authorized agent for Bedford County.

C. N. HICKOK, Agent.

SAMUEL D. SCOTT, M. D. Medical Examiner.

October 10, 1851.

GLOBE HOTEL,

West Pitt Street, Bedford, Pennsylvania.

VALENTINE STECKMAN, *Proprietor.*

April 7, 1854.—1y.*

TIN & COPPER WARE.

THE subscriber is prepared to furnish, wholesale and retail, Tin and Copper Ware in great variety, on the most reasonable terms.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER

Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Latest Intelligence from Cuba.
A Revolution Anticipated.

Wholesale & Retail Tobacco, Snuff and Cigar STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that they have constantly on hand a large and extensive assortment of choice Cigars, viz: Regalias, La' Normas, Principees, Casadoris, Havanas, Ceroots, Plantation and Jenny Linds—together with half-Spanish and Common of a superier quality. Also, a variety of chewing Tobaccos and Snuffs, all of which will be disposed of upon the most reasonable terms.

J. S. & G. W. CROUSE.

N. B. All orders promptly attended to.

April 15, 1853.

King & Moorhead,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

And Commission MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Produce and Pittsburg Manufactures,
No. 27, Wood St. Pittsburg.

May 16, 1851.

HARDWARE STORE.

The subscriber, thankful for past favors, would respectfully beg leave to announce to the public in general that he has just received from the Eastern Cities, in addition to his former stock, a large and well selected assortment of Hardware, embracing every article usually found in Stores of this description. His stock of Nails, Steel, Shovels, Edge Tools, building Hardware, Cutlery, Saws, Chains, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Chissels, Planes, Stair Rods, Coffee Mills, Augurs, &c., &c., is very large and of the best quality, and will be sold at a small profit. He also keeps a general assortment of Groceries, Spices, &c., &c., to which he invites the attention of the people. He has removed his Store to the Room occupied as the Post Office. Call, examine, and judge for yourselves.

ANDRIS SAUPP.

June 10, 1853.

WM. P. SCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care *in the Counties of Bedford and Fulton.*

Bedford, Nov. 1, 1847.

C. N. HICKOK, Dentist.

OFFICE on Pitt-street, nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, Bedford, Pa. Teeth plugged, Regulated, &c. and artificial teeth inserted from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted. *Terms.—CASH.*

Bedford, May 3, 1850.

COACH AND WAGON FACTORY.

The undersigned having entered into partnership in the above business, would anuounce to the citizens of Bedford County that they are now prepared, at their Shop at the East End of this Borough, to furnish CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, of every style and price; also, COACHES, WAGONS, and PLOUGHS. BLACKSMITH work of every description executed to order, on the shortest notice, at their shop adjoining the Coach Factory.

Determined to keep none but the best of workmen in their employ, and to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the State, they hope to receive liberal encouragement.

☞Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work and the highest prices allowed. We respectfully invite the public to give us a call.

WM. WEISEL,
JOHN FOSTER.

Bedford, Feb. 3, 1854.

A CARD.

HAVING disposed of my Stock of Drugs, Medicines, Books, &c., to Dr. FRANCIS C. REAMER, I take this opportunity of recommending him to my friends and former patrons as a Physician of much experience and skill, in whom they can place entire confidence.

S. D. SCOTT.

Feb. 24, 1854.

DR. WM. BURCH

Having permanently located in Pattonsville, Bedford County, respectfully tenders his services to the public in the line of his profession.

Pattonsville, March 3, 1853–1y.

STOVE BLACKING.

ALL persons in want of Stove Blacking will find an article called the Victoria, superior to anything of the kind now in use.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

W. B. CLARKE,

WITH

Dunn, Raiguel & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
British, French and American
DRY GOODS,

No. 91 North Third Street, PHILADELPHIA.

THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of his old friends in the counties of Bedford, Fulton, Somerset, Blair, and Cambria, to the above CARD, with the hope that, when they visit the city to purchase GOODS, they will not fail to call at "No. 91 North Third Street," where, he feels satisfied, they will find as choice a selection of Goods (on as reasonable terms) as are to be found in any other house in Philadelphia. W. B. CLARKE.

March 24, 1854.—1y.

P. A. HEALEY & BRO.,

Wholesale Druggists,
AND DEALERS IN
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, DYE-Stuffs, Spices, Patent Medicines, &c.,
Cumberland, Md.

☞*Orders from Physicians and Merchants filled with pure and unadulterated articles, at Baltimore prices.*

June 9, 1851—1y.

Bedford Hotel.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

The subscriber, thankful for the patronage heretofore conferred upon him in the line of his business, both in the counties of Bedford and Somerset, respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the travelling public generally that he has taken a lease of the Washington Hotel in the Borough of Bedford, for many years in the occupancy of Maj. Samuel Davis. This Hotel is admirably arranged—is situate in the centre of the town—and the chambers are large and well ventilated. It is the intention of the undersigned to furnish the house in a handsome manner, and to have it attended by faithful and accommodating servants. He will spare no pains to make his table inviting, by supplying it at all times with the very best the market will afford.

Visiters to our celebrated Springs will find this Hotel a delightful Summer residence—whilst the citizens of the county visiting Bedford, as well as Travellers and movers, who may favor him with a call, will always receive the most prompt and careful attention.

The best of Stabling is attached to this Hotel, so that those who travel in carriages or on horse back, can be accommodated in the best style.

Having devoted a great many years to this business, and being determined to make every effort in his power to keep a first-rate Hotel, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal support.

☞Boarders will be taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

DOMINIC COOK.

Bedford, March 23, 1855.

D. K. WUNDERLICH. B. F. NEAD.

Wunderlich & Nead,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

North Second Street, opposite the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Depot,

CHAMBERSBURG.

☞They are at all times prepared to carry all kinds of Produce to, and Merchandise, &c., from Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the shortest notice.

, They will also purchase Flour, Grain, &c., at market price.

COAL, LUMBER, SALT, FISH, GUANO, and PLASTER on hand and for sale low.

June 10, 1853.

DR. A. B. MADAN

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Schellsburg and vicinity. Office in the room formerly occupied by Dr. BRAMWELL, opposite Mr. Frazer's Tavern. ☞All night calls promptly attended to.

April 8, 1853.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE AND FANCY GOODS.

A Choice Assortment of the Finest Quality, For Sale at the Lowest Cash Prices, at

WM. B. ELTONHEAD'S,

No. 184 South Second Street, between Pine and Union, West Side, PHILADELPHIA.

The assortment embraces a *Large and Select Stock of Fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Albata Ware, plated with fine Silver, in Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c. —Jet Goods, Fans and Fancy Articles* of a superior quality, deserving the examination of those who desire to procure the *best goods* at the *Lowest Cash Prices.*

Having a *practical knowledge* of the business, and all available facilities for importing and Manufacturing, the subscriber confidently invites purchasers, believing that he can supply them on terms as favorable as any other establishment in either of the Atlantic Cities.

☞All kinds of Diamond and Pearl Jewelry and Silver Ware manufactured to order, within a reasonable time.

☞Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware *faithfully repaired.* WM. B. ELTONHEAD,

No. 184 South Second Street, a few doors above the Second Street Market, West Side.

☞In the South Window of the Store may be seen the famous BIRD CLOCK, which commands the admiration of the scientific and curious.

Oct. 13, 1851.—1y.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞Office nearly opposite the Post Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

Insurance.

"The Cumberland Valley Mutual Protection Company" of Dickinson Township, Cumberland county, Pa. notify the public that they continue to insure real and personal property against loss by fire, on the lowest and most equitable terms consistent with safety, and in conformity to their charter and bye-laws.

Every person taking an insurance in this co. becomes a member thereof, and is entitled to vote at each annual election for officers. The rates of insurance are very moderate—the assessments on the notes of the members having, since the organization of the Co. averaged only about *one and an half per centum*, per annum. The amount of each note is ascertained by an established rate per cent. on two-thirds of the estimate value of the property insured, and those rates depend upon the kind of property insured and the risk incurred. Members of the Company would do well to look at their Policies and see that they have not expired. Renewals for another term of five years, will be made for *one-half* the original cash premium. Further particulars made known on application to either of the subscribers, agents of the company for Bedford county.

JAS. M. RUSSELL, *Bedford.*
A. B. BUNN, *Schellsburg.*

Feb. 23, 1855.

Watches and Jewelry.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to his customers and the public generally, that he has just received from the East, and is now opening at his old stand in the Borough of Bedford, nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, a well selected assortment of Watches and Jewelry, consisting, in part, of Fine Gold Levers, Lepine & Silver Watches—also a variety of Gold Chains, Keys, Gold Pencils, & Pens—Rings, Ear Rings, Bracelets, Breast Pins, Cuff Pins, &c. Albatta Spoons and Forks, and 8 day and 30 hour Clocks. Persons will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock. My motto is quick sales and small profits. Watches & Clocks repaired as usual.

H. NICODEMUS.

Aug. 26, 1853.

HUMMEL'S ESSENCE OF COFFEE.

EVERY ONE who has used Hummel's Essence of Coffee, knows that one package will go as far as 4 pounds of the best Java Coffee, and coffee made by this Essence will preserve perfectly the real taste of Java coffee, but will have a more delicate and finer flavor, a finer color, and will certainly be much wholesomer for every person than pure Java Coffee.

☞For sale at Dr. B. F. HARRY'S new Drug and Book Store. Oct. 7, 1853.

OLD PEWTER & COPPER WANTED.

THE highest price, in cash or trade, allowed for old Pewter and Copper.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Sept. 9, 1853.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania,

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

DR. S. A. R. FISH

HAVING located at Summerhill, in Cambria County, respectfully tenders his professional services to the public.

Dr. Fish is in possession of a certain preventive for Flux, Scarlet Fever, and Fevers in general, which he will warrant for both adults and children for the space of one summer season.

May 6, 1853.

JOHN R. EDIE, Attorney at Law,

WILL hereafter regularly attend the sittings of the courts of this county. During the terms of Court he may be consulted professionally at the Hotel of Maj. Davis.

Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

ISAAC HUGUS, Attorney at Law,

WILL hereafter regularly attend the sittings of the Courts of this county.—During the terms of the Court he may be consulted professionally at the Hotel of Maj. Davis.

Bedford, March 10, 1854.

NOTICE.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Thomas and John King, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having unsettled accounts with them, are requested to attend to their liquidation without delay.

THOMAS KING,
June 1, 1854. JOHN KING.

Having this day associated Henry S. King, of the City of Pittsburg, with us in the business of manufacturing Iron, the business will be conducted under the name and firm of John King & Co.

THOMAS KING,
June 9, 1854. JOHN KING.

STOVES!

ON hand, and for sale, a superior lot of Cooking, Tea Plate, Parlor, and Church Stoves.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Wm. Henry Leas,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Fort Desmoines, Iowa,

WILL give special attention to locating lands—investing money—paying taxes—making collections, &c., &c.

☞*Refers to Gen. Bowman and Hon. Job Mann.* Sept. 8, 1854.

TO THE MILLINERY TRADE.

JOHN STONE & SONS,

Importers and Dealers in

FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS,

No. 45 South Second Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Are now prepared to offer their customers and the trade an unusually large and well selected assortment of RIBBONS, SATINS, VELVETS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, LACES, and every other article appertaining to the Millinery trade.

☞Our stock being of our own direct importation, offers great advantages both in styles and prices.

Oct. 13, 1854.—1y.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

The subscriber would announce to his old friends and customers, and the public in general, that he has permanently located himself in Juliana Street, next door to Dr. REAMER'S Drug & Book Store, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line in a superior manner, on reasonable terms. From long experience in the business, he feels confident he can render satisfaction to all who honor him with a call.

He constantly keeps on hand ready-made clothing, of every description, for Men and Boys—also, a superior assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETTS, SILK, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, and Summer Wear, which he will sell as low as they can be bought elsewhere, and make them up to the taste of the purchaser.

He also keeps a general assortment of Cravats, Stocks, Collars, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, &c.

He hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

WM. SCHAFFER.

June 9, 1854.

An Apprentice, to learn the Printing, Will be taken at the office of the Bedford Gazette on favorable terms.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Nov. 24, 1854.